The Bombay Gazette

No. 11,184 New Series. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1884.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES.

Vessel	Tons	H. P.	Captain.	
Gwalior	3733	500	P. H	
[illegible]	3462	600	W.	
[illegible]	3984	500		
[illegible]	3013	1000		
[illegible]	2726			

[illegible] direct to London via [illegible] via Marseilles. By the [illegible] London change vessels at Suez. [illegible] at Plymouth.

[illegible] will leave the Company's Dockyard, [illegible], on the day of sailing to convey [illegible].

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessel.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	On	1884.
[illegible]	3893		[illegible] Adamson.	3rd	Oct.
[illegible] A	3893	700	G. W. Brady	17th	"
[illegible]	3691	1000	S. D. Shallard	31st	"
BUTE	3115	500	A. H. Johnson	14th	Nov.

Return Tickets are now issued at greatly reduced rates to all ports, for particulars of which apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, Sept. 27, 1884.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

BRINDISI ROUTE.

THROUGH TICKETS from BOMBAY to LONDON *viâ* Brindisi, including the Continental Railway Fare, are now issued on favorable terms; and return tickets available for three and six months. Tickets can also be obtained which allow passengers to travel 1st class by the steamer and 2nd class by rail from Brindisi to London.

MARSEILLES ROUTE.

STEAMERS leave BOMBAY for MARSEILLES and LONDON direct every four weeks (see general advertisement), and the voyage to the former port is accomplished in 19 days in fair weather (21 days during the monsoon). The Railway journey from Marseilles to London occupies about 27 hours.

Fares to London, by the sea route or *viâ* Marseilles, including the Railway Fare across the Continent :—

First Class Rs. [illegible]. Second Class Rs. 370.

Return Tickets are also issued, for particulars of which and all other information on the subject, apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. and O. S. N. Co.

Bombay, Sept. 1, 1884.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.

SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Regular Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY on the 1st of each month at noon, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, NAPLES, GENOA, and MARSEILLES, starting from GENOA on the 8th of every month for BOMBAY.

FARE to all Ports of Italy and Marseilles, Rs. 300, Rs. 200, Rs. 150, for First, Second, and Third Class respectively, inclusive of Wine. Infants are allowed free. Children over three and under ten years, half fare. Families are also allowed liberal discount.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the steamboats.

A discount of 5, 7½, 10 per cent. is allowed to Passengers returning within three, six, and twelve months respectively from the date of LANDING.

The following or other First Class Steamers will leave Bombay :—

	Tons. H.P.	
RAFFAELE RUBATTINO	[illegible]	
TINO	5,000 350	on Wednesday, 1st Oct.
MANILLA	5,000 750	on Saturday, 1st Nov.
CHINA	5,000 750	on Monday, 1st Dec.

Steam Launch leaves Apollo Bunder between 10 and 11 a.m. on the day of Sailing, with Passengers and heavy Baggage.

Through Railway Tickets available for 17 days, to London *viâ* Calais or Brighton, both from Genoa and Naples are issued at lower rates.

For Handbooks of information and other particulars, apply to

F. BOZZONI, Agent.

Rescom House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Sept. 1, 1884.

COMPAGNIE NATIONALE DE NAVIGATION.

REGULAR MONTHLY STEAMERS TO MARSEILLES.

A new first-class steamer [illegible]TON, 2,700 tons register, 450 [illegible], will LEAVE BOMBAY [illegible]LLES direct on the 20 h [illegible], also carrying Doctor and Stewardess.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

First class to Marseilles, Rs. 500, including wines. Children under 3 years, free. Under 10, half fare. The Railway fares from Marseilles to London are [illegible] :—

In Calais and Dover (Mail)..... 1st class £ [illegible]

In Dieppe..... 1st class, [illegible]

Passengers' heavy luggage will be delivered in London free of charge to the extent allowed by the passage [illegible].

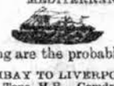
For further particulars, apply to

RALLI BROTHERS,
Agents.

Bombay, 20th June, 1884.

ANCHOR LINE.

[illegible] POOL, AND BETWEEN BOMBAY, LIVERPOOL AND MEDITERRANEAN.



THE following are the probable sailings :—

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Name.	Tons.	H.P.	Comdr.	Sailing about
S.S. VICTORIA	2250	450	Wm. Russell	4th Oct.
S.S. LIVIA	3460	180	H. S. Young	21st "
S.S. BELGRAVIA	5002	1000	D. C. Boothby	15th Nov.
S.S. NUBIA	3353	450	T. G. Knox	To follow.
S.S. PERSIA	4509	600	R. Ruschlson	do.

To be followed by other 1st class steamers at regular intervals.

For the convenience of Indian passengers an Agency has been opened at 8, Regent St., London, S.W.

For rates of passage and further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 25th September, 1884.

CITY LINE.

THE first class steamer CITY OF VENICE, 3,207 tons, will sail for Liverpool on or about 12th October. Carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Two Bath Cabins, Baths, Punkhas, &c., with every comfort for passengers.

This vessel is well known as a favourite passenger ship from Calcutta, and has very superior accommodation for a large number of first class passengers. No others taken.

For further particulars apply to

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 20th Sept., 1884.

CITY LINE OF STEAMERS.

THE following are the probable sailings, Bombay to either Liverpool or London :—

	Tons.	Comdr.	Sailings about
S.S. City of Venice	3236	H. Y. Moffatt	13th Oct.
S.S. City of Manchester	3125	A. Macdonald	15th Nov.
S.S. City of Cartiage ..	2850	D. McPherson ..	15th Dec.

For rates of passage and further particulars apply to

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 9th Sept. 1884.

CITY LINE OF STEAMERS.

THE Steamship "CITY OF VENICE" has ARRIVED from Liverpool and is discharging in the Prince's Dock. Consignees of cargo are requested to present their Bills of Lading for our countersignature and to take delivery of their goods without delay.

Matches, Oil, Naphta, Acids and other inflammable articles must be removed as they are landed, failing which they will be exposed at consignees' risk and subject to removal to the combustible shed at their expense.

Consignees of packages exceeding in weight 30 cwt. are requested to send boats alongside to take delivery of their cargo, which will otherwise be landed on the quay at their risk and expense.

All chafed or damaged goods must be surveyed before removal from the warehouse where the steamer is discharged, and no claim will be admitted after the steamer leaves.

Captain CLARK will attend on board every morning to survey damaged goods.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 29th Sept., 1884.

TO BE LET, for three months, from 1st October next, a very desirable super-storied furnished BUNGALOW, on Malabar Hill, commanding a charming view of the sea. Rent very moderate. For further particulars, apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
House Agent.

2, Hornby Row.

TO BE LET, from about 15th October next, a well-known BUNGALOW known as "Whitecross" situated on Malabar Hill. Rent very moderate. For further particulars, apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
House Agent.

2, Hornby Row.

THE NEW INDIA PRESS COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND of Rs. 10 per share will be PAID on and after the 1st October, 1884, to the Shareholders of the Company whose names stood on the Register on the 19th inst. on production of Share Certificates.

By order of the Directors,
GADDUM, BYTHELL & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, 27th September, 1884.

NOTICE.

ORIENTAL SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that an INTERIM DIVIDEND of Rupees fifteen per each share of Rs. 125 and Rupees three per each new share of Rs. 125 for the half year ending 30th June, 1884, will be payable at the registered Office of the Company, No. 31, Meadow-street, Fort, on and after THURSDAY, the 2nd October, 1884, between the hours of 11 a.m. and 3 p.m. to those Shareholders whose names shall stand on the Company's Register on the 25th instant.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 26th instant to 1st October next, both days inclusive.

Shareholders are requested to produce their share certificates when applying for their Dividend.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
JEHANGIR EDALJI DAVAR,
Secretary.

Bombay, 22nd September, 1884.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

[illegible]R COAST AND CALCUTTA.

[illegible]GRA," 1,907 tons, on WED[illegible], 1st October, 1884, at 3 p.m., [illegible]ch ports as may be arranged. Particulars [illegible]ertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "PACHUMBA," 867 tons, on MONDAY, 6th October, 1884, at 11 a.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao and Busrah, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR AND MOZAMBIQUE.

S.S. "BAGHDAD," 1,271 Tons, on 9th October, 1884.

FOR KURRACHEE AND KATTYWAR COAST.

S.S. "BURMAH," 1,080 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 1st October, 1884, at noon, calling (weather permitting) at Veraval, Mangarole, Porebunder, and Cutch Mandavie.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 16th September, 1884.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TREACHER AND CO., Limited,

OPERATIVE AND DISPENSING CHEMISTS.

FARRISH'S

CHEMICAL FOOD OR COMPOUND SYRUP OF THE PHOSPHATES

Of great value as a Nutritive Tonic, and for counteracting weakness arising from want of power in the organs of digestion, to assimilate food. Extremely useful in Anæmia, and much recommended by Medical men as one of the most palatable and efficient of Ferruginous preparations.

Per Bottle—Re. 1 and Rs. 1-12.

DR. EASTON'S

SYRUP OF THE PHOSPHATES OF IRON, QUININE AND STRYCHINE.

An invaluable Remedy in all cases of General Debility proceeding from residence in Hot Climates; almost a specific in cases of exhaustion and want of nervine power arising from over-mental or bodily exertion.

Per Bottle—Re. 1 and Rs. 2-8.

TREACHER'S

TARAXACUM AND PODOPHYLLIN.

This combination, in a convenient and portable form, is a most reliable Remedy for sluggish Liver and will be found of great benefit in cases of flatulence, Headache, Costiveness and other derangements of the stomach and bowels.

Per Bottle—Re. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8.

TREACHER AND CO., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS.

ACHROMATIC TELESCOPES AND BINOCULARS.

TELESCOPES, in plain black leather casing, with brass cap and mounting.....Rs. 13-8, Rs. 27-0, Rs. 54-0, Rs. 78-0

TELESCOPES, in plain black leather casing with nickel cap and mounting.....Rs. 13-8, Rs. 16-0, Rs. 22-8, Rs. 27-0

TOURISTS' TELESCOPES, mounted in morocco, with caps and sling straps.....Rs. 22-8, Rs. 54-0, Rs. 63-0

RECONNOITRING TELESCOPES, very powerful, mounted in strong bridle leather case, with caps and sling strap.....Rs. 40-0, Rs. 63-0, Rs. 72-0

THE LORD BURY TELESCOPES.....Rs. 63-0

THE MILITARY OFFICER'S TELESCOPES with lines drawn between the lenses to show the distance of an object the height of a man.....Rs. 27-0

BINOCULARS, Field and Marine, in plain black leather, mounts and sling cases.....Rs. 30-0, Rs. 50-0, Rs. 58-0, Rs. 63-0

OPERA GLASSES, in Nickel and Leather mounts.....Rs. 10-0, Rs. 13-8, Rs. 25-0, Rs. 32-0

FOLDING POCKET OPERA GLASSES, with spring action .....Rs. 25-0 and Rs. 27-0

LENSES.

BOTANICAL, with 3 powers in Vulcanite Pocket cases.....Rs. 2-8

BOTANICAL, with single power in Pocket cases.....Re. 1-8 and Rs. 2-4

WATCHMAKERS in hornmounts..As. 14 & Re. 1-4

CODDINGTON'S, of high magnifying power, in Nickel case .....Rs. 4-8

LINEN PROVERS, in brass mounts, folding .....Rs. 2 and Rs. 5

HAND READING GLASSES, mounted in German Silver with Ebony Handle,.....Re. 1-12, Rs. 2-8, Rs. 4 and Rs. 5-8

Rs. 3-4, Rs. 3-8, Rs. [illegible]

AND BLUED STEEL SPECTACLES, IN GOLD LIDDERS, EYE-GLASSES, FRAMES; SPRINGS; GOGGLES, AND RAILWAY SPECTACLES.

Catalogues and Price Lists on application.

TREACHER & CO., Limited,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

ANTIPYRIN,

THE NEW GREAT FEVER REMEDY.

KEMP AND CO., Limited,
BOMBAY.

MINERAL WATERS.

WE receive these direct from the springs and guarantee them perfectly fresh and genuine, viz.—

Hunyadi Janos.	Victoria.
Evian Les Bains.	Aesculap.
Carlsbad.	Tarasp.
Friedrichshall.	Contrexeville.
Moray—Chateauneuf.	Vichy.

KEMP AND CO., Limited,
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

CIGARS AND CHEROOTS.

FINEST TRICHINOPOLY TOBACCO.

			Rs.	A.
CHEROOTS	"Selected Mess" per Box of 100		2	0
CIGARS	"Planters No. 1"	" "	2	4
	"Planters No. 2"	" "	2	0
	"Beehive"	" "	2	8
	"Kemp's Special"	" "	2	8

MANILLAS.

No. 2 Cigars of selected brand	"	"	7	0
No. 2 Cheroots of selected brand	"	"	7	0

The above are all very Superior, and have been selected for us as mild and good in flavor, drawing well, and convenient in size and shape.

KEMP AND CO., Limited.
FORT, AND CUMBALLA HILL, BOMBAY.

MALABAR, AND CUMBALLA HILLS, BREACH CANDY, AND NEIGHBOURHOOD.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO RESIDENTS.

KEMP AND CO.'S
NEW ESTABLISHMENT,
44, CUMBALLA HILL,

Is replete with every requisite for the HOUSEHOLD AND NURSERY, contains the latest additions of Medical Comforts, and is under the Superintendence of a THOROUGHLY QUALIFIED LONDON PHARMACIST.

KEMP & CO., LIMITED,
BOMBAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. KHETSEY SHAMJEE has contracted to PURCHASE from MEMON BEG MAHOMED HAJI ABDOOL RAHMON the undermentioned properties, including furniture, flower pots, &c., &c. All persons having any claims against the said properties or any of them, or any part thereof, by way of gift, lease, mortgage, lien, sale, inheritance or otherwise howsoever, are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office, No. 20, Esplanade Road, within 14 days from the date hereof; in default whereof the claims, if any, will be considered as null, void and waived.

FIRSTLY.—All that piece of Government land with the buildings standing thereon, situate fronting on the north side of Naigaum Cross-road, measuring about 3662 square yards, assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue undercold Nos. 211 and 212, and new No. A. 13/60 and under new Survey No. 1-1261, and by the Municipal Commissioner under old No. 100 and new No. 102, and bounded on the east by the property of Dinbai Framjee Oonwala, on the west by the property of Shaik Mahomed Latiff, on the north by the property of Manuel Lawrence Dias, and on the south by the said Naigaum Cross-road.

SECONDLY.—All that vacant piece of Government land measuring about 6,541 square yards, assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 211 and new No. 13/62 and under new Survey No. 1-1260, and bounded on the east by the property of Mahomed Haji Ally, on the west by the property of J. D. Silva, on the north by the property of Janoo Pandoo Patel, and on the south by the property herein before firstly described.

THIRDLY.—All that vacant piece of Government land measuring about 614 square yards, assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under old Nos. 211 and 212 and under new No. 13/60, and under new Survey No. 1-1262, and bounded on the east by the property herein before 2ndly described, on the west and north by the property of Mawnji Sirmit Sumtidas, and on the south by the property of Shaik Ahmed Abdool Latiff.—Dated this 30th September, 1884.

PAYNE, GILBERT, AND SAYANI,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PHŒNIX ASSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1782.

WE have been APPOINTED AGENTS for the above Company, and are prepared to accept risks at ruling Tariff Rates.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.

Bombay, October 1, 1884.

MRS. CURZON TOMPSON (daughter of the late Mr. JOHN TREACHER) offers a thoroughly comfortable home to either a boy or girl whose parents desire to send them to England. All particulars by letters on addressing 8, Grove Crescent, Churchend, Woodford, Essex, England, eight miles from London. Highest references given and required. The house is large and comfortable. The family consists of three young children. A pony carriage kept.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

NOTICE is hereby given that it is proposed to add the articles COTTON SEED and RAILWAY KEYS to the Bombay Tonnage scale, and that the TESTING of the MEASUREMENT of the same in the Godown of Messrs. RALLI BROTHERS, at Carnac Bunder, will take place THIS DAY, at 3 o'clock p.m.

Masters of vessels are invited to attend.

By order of the Committee,
J. GORDON,
Secretary.

Chamber of Commerce, Bombay, 1st October, 1884.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Commissary of Ordnance, Bombay, at 12 o'clock noon, on TUESDAY, the 7th proximo, to SELL STORES by PUBLIC AUCTION for two years from 1st November, 1884, to 31st October, 1886.

II. Tenders should be accompanied by a Treasury Officer's acknowledgment that Rs. 500 has been deposited as earnest money.

III. Conditions of contract and any information required will be given at the Arsenal by the undersigned between the hours of 10 a.m. and 4 p. m. Sundays and Public Holidays excepted.

ARTHUR BROWNE, Captain, R. A.,
Commissary of Ordnance.

Bombay Arsenal, 30th September, 1884.

CRYSTOLEUM AND METALLICON PAINTING.

THE SOLE AGENCY FOR INDIA, from 200, Regent-street, London, has been established at No. 13, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY, opposite to Messrs. Watson's Esplanade Hotel, where Lessons are given daily (Sunday excepted) by a Lady (Medalist, London Exhibition, June, 1884), and where also Materials and Price Lists can be obtained on application.

The above most beautiful Arts can easily be acquired, by even those who have had no previous knowledge of painting; and success is guaranteed to all painstaking pupils.

Specimens of the work, showing the high proficiency which can readily be acquired after a few lessons only, are now on view and an inspection is respectfully solicited.

Photographs artistically painted by the Crystoleum process, or in permenent water colours, at most reasonable rates.

SUN FIRE OFFICE, LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1710.

INSURANCES effected upon Merchandise, Warehouse Stocks, Dwelling-Houses and their contents, in Bombay and the Mofussil, at the current rates.

CLAIMS arranged by the local Agents, and paid with promptitude and liberality.

PEEL, CASSELS & Co., Agents.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.

ESTABLISHED 1803.

CAPITAL—ONE MILLION SIX HUNDRED THOUSAND POUNDS.

POLICIES of INSURANCE against FIRE upon Houses, Mills, and other Buildings, Household Furniture, Goods, Wares, and Merchandize in Bombay and up-country issued on behalf of the above Company, at most favourable rates, by the Undersigned, from whom full particulars may be obtained.

BENN, ASHLEY & Co., Agents.

JUST UNPACKED,

BENGER'S
SELF-DIGESTIVE
FOOD.

A delicious and highly Nutritive Aliment for Infants and Invalids.

Cash net Re. 1-2 per tin.

COOPER, MADON AND CO., Limited,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

IMPORTANT REDUCTION IN PRICE.

EXTRACT OF CHICKEN,

PREPARED under a new process from the flesh and bones of the Domestic Fowls, highly nutritious and sustaining, and an essential article for Invalids suffering from weakness and exhaustion.

Please ask for MADON'S Extract of Chicken only.

Per pot, Re. 1-8.

COOPER, MADON & Co., [illegible],
BOMBAY AND POONA.

GENUINE DALMATIAN INSECT-DESTROYING POWDER.

FATAL TO ALL INSECTS.

HARMLESS TO DOMESTIC AND HIGHER ANIMALS.

THIS new preparation is sovereign and effective in destroying Bugs, Fleas in Dogs, Flies, Beetles, Ants, and all other insects.

DALMATIAN INSECT POWDER IS DECIDEDLY SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS EVER KNOWN.

Per tin Annas 8 and Re. 1.

COOPER, MADON AND Co., Limited,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

REDUCED PRICES.

MADON'S

MAGIC CORN-CURE.

IT never fails to cure Soft or Hard Corns, Bunions, Warts, &c., without causing the least pain.

Per case As. 10.

Prepared only by
COOPER, MADON AND Co., Limited,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

HORMUSJEE SORABJEE,
26, Meadow-street.

PIECE MUSIC—Four Annas the Piece.

WE sell ALL our books at EIGHT ANNAS the SHILLING for nett cash.

NEW BOOKS.

	Rs.	a.
Mill's Logic...	3	4
Ainsley's Examiner in Seamanship	1	4
Haye's Veterinary Notes—new edition	6	12
John Bull and His Island	1	12
John Bull's Neighbour	1	4
Women of London	1	4
Called Back	0	10
Sterne's Tristram Shandy—Morley Library edn.	0	10
Paris Sketch-book	0	6

HORMUSJEE SORABJEE,
26, Meadow-street.

HANDKERCHIEF PERFUMES,

ALWAYS ON HAND.

DIRECT FROM THE CHIEF PERFUMERS OF THE DAY.

The selection comprises—

BREIDENBACH'S WOOD VIOLET
BAYLEY'S ESS. BOUQUET.
DALMAHOY'S CURIOUS ESSENCE
GREENSILL'S MONA BOUQUET.

FORGET-ME-NOT.	FRANGIPANNI.
JASMINE.	JOCKEY CLUB.
KISS-ME-QUICK.	MILLEFLEUR.
WHITE ROSE.	MOSS ROSE.
OPOPONAX.	YLANG YLANG.
CAPE JASMINE.	LAUGHING WATER.
SPRING VIOLETS.	SHAMROCK NOSEGAY.
RONDELETIA.	EDELWEISS.

GENUINE EAU-DE-COLOGNE, all sizes.

THOMSON & TAYLOR'S LAVENDER WATER.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
CHEMISTS,
35, ESPLANADE-ROAD, BOMBAY.

MENTHOL CONES

CRYSTALLINE JAPANESE ESSENTIAL OIL OF PEPPERMINT.

This preparation is strongly recommended as a local application for Neuralgia and Sciatica. It is also said to give relief in cases of Gout.

One Cone in stoppered glass-bottle.

Price Re. 1-2.

CUBEB AND STRAMMONIUM CIGARETTES.

Strongly recommended for Cattarrh, Hay Fever, Asthma, and Bronchial Affections.

In Boxes, As. 12 each.

TAMARIND COUGH BALSAM

Is an effectual remedy for Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Hoarseness, and most affections of the Chest.

Per Bottle Re. 1.

PREPARED ONLY BY
THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
CHEMISTS,
35, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

THE VERY PERFECTION OF WHISKIES.

TREACHER'S

GLENLIVET

WHISKY.

Rs. 22-8 per dozen, Cash.

Soft and mellow, pure, delicate and wholesome.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA

P. VUCCINO AND CO.,

PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTISTS,

BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT

TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, CALCUTTA,

SILVER PRIZE MEDAL AND FIRST-CLASS CERTIFICATE.

Studio open daily from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. for Portraiture.

Office open from 8 to 6, for any person desiring to make an engagement.

WHISKY, WHISKY.

THOMSON and TAYLOR'S blend of fine old Campbelton and Islay ranks amongst the finest of Whiskies imported into this country. It is a rich, mellow, and soft spirit genuine and wholesome. A trial is solicited from all who appreciate

A REALLY GOOD SOUND WHISKEY PEG.

Shipments arrive regularly direct from the distillers, so that Clubs and Messes can be promptly supplied. Price per dozen Rs. 23; per bottle Rs. 2, cash.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
5, RAMPART-ROW,
BOMBAY.

Established in Europe, 1815. Established in India, 1842.

CUTLER, PALMER AND CO.
WINE MERCHANTS
OF
BORDEAUX, LONDON, BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, CHINA, Etc., Etc.

FOR INVALIDS.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'s

INVALIDS' PORT.

Gold Capsule, Rs. 26 nett per dozen.

QUININE WINE.

Stone's GENUINE QUININE WINE.

Rs. 19 nett per dozen.

GINGER WINE.

Stone's JAMAICA GINGER WINE.

15-8 nett per dozen.

LIME-JUICE CORDIAL.

Rs. 13 nett per dozen.

CUTLER, PALMER AND CO.,
BOMBAY.

FAVRE LEUBA & CO.

WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELLERS,

23, RAMPART ROW,

BOMBAY,

BEG to call the attention of the Public to the following SPECIALITIES in their large stock of which they can strongly recommend, and which have gained for their qualities as Timekeepers a widespread reputation.

THEIR SILVER 50 RS. LEVER WATCH

The great and increasing demand for these Watches have induced Messrs. F. L. & Co. to make them in all sizes, and either in hunting, half-hunting and open face cases.

The "smallest" the usual size of a Lady's Watch, would be an admirable substitute for a Lady's Gold Watch when travelling or for daily use.

THEIR SILVER 75 RS. WATCH

Has all the qualifications of the 50 Rupees Watch, but is in an extra heavy cas with gold hinges. Its movement is fitted with a compensation balance and with a hair-spring system Breguet.

THEIR SILVER KEYLESS WATCHES

Rs. 90, 110 and 135.

THE RAILWAY WATCH AT RS. 40.

Messrs. F. L. & Co. can recommend this well-finished Watch to anyone who requires a strong and serviceable time-keeper, and one which will bear the roughest work.

THE RAILWAY WATCH AT RS. 60.

Messrs. F. L. & Co. would draw the attention of Railway Companies and employes to these Watches which are of extra large size and can be guaranteed and recommended as reliable time-keepers.

Parcels sent post free throughout the whole of India.

Two years' guarantee is given for all the above Watches.

Initials engraved gratis to buyers. Terms—Cash.

FAVRE-LEUBA & CO.,
WATCH-MAKERS & JEWELLERS.

RICHARDSON AND CRUDDAS,

GENERAL ENGINEERS, FOUNDERS, CONTRACTORS, AND METAL MERCHANTS

BYCULLA IRON WORKS & METAL MART—PAREL ROAD, BYCULLA, BRANCH FACTORY & STORES—NESBIT-ROAD, MAZAGON, } BOMBAY.

CORRESPONDING FIRM—CRUDDAS AND HEWETT, LONDON.

SOLE AUTHORIZED MAKERS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY OF

BULL'S DREDGERS and IRON WORK for Brick Kilns.

CRAWFORD'S RURAL PRIVIES, WALTON'S PRIVIES AND LATRINES, HORBURY'S PRIVIES, AND CROWLEY'S SANITARY CARTS.

HOWARD'S VENTILATORS, KLEINKNEICHT'S COTTON OPENERS.

STONEY'S EXCAVATORS AND LIME SCREENS, THOMSON AND MYLNE'S SUGAR MILLS, &c.

IRON CASTINGS with our two Foundries up to 30 tons weight daily.

BRASS, GUN METAL AND PHOSPHOR, BRONZE CASTINGS, made to order.

WROUGHT-IRON FORGINGS from Best Brands, forged under Steam-Hammers.

IRON BRIDGES, GIRDERS, ROOFS and other Structural Iron Work designed, manufactured and erected in any part of India

IMPORTERS OF MACHINERY AND HARDWARE OF ALL KINDS.

WE have always in stock Bar, Plate and Sheet Iron of all brands, Plain and Corrugated Galvanized Iron Sheets, Roof Fittings, Portable and Stationary Engines and Boilers, Lathes Planing Machines, Saw Benches, Punching and Shearing Machines; Mortar Mills, Pulsometers Centrifugal and Lift and Force Pumps, Fire Engines, Crab Winches, Cast, Wrought-Iron and Stoneware Pipes, Wire Fencing and Gates, Leather, India-rubber and Tanned Canvas Hose Silicate Paint and Duresco, Calvert's (15 per cent. acid) Carbolic Powder and Sanitas Powder Fire Bricks and Clay, Portland Cement, Asphalte, &c.

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES AND PRICE LISTS ON APPLICATION.

CHRONOGRAPHS AND RACING WATCHES

MANUFACTURED BY

POONA. 1, East-street. } C. MARCKS & CO. { BOMBAY. 43, Esplanade-road.

MESSRS. C. MARCKS and CO. have pleasure in acquiring the numerous constituents that the Chronographs and Racing Watches enumerated here below are in every respect RELIABLE, DURABLE, and THE MOST PERFECT TIMEKEEPERS EVER MADE.

Best value obtainable anywhere, Rs. 125 net cash.

In case, with spare glass, spare main spring, and a 2-years' guarantee.

Keyless Hunting Chronograph Watches in sterling silver case. The long seconds hand is an independent one with three actions, *viz.*, starting, stopping, and flying back to zero, all of which are effected by a pressure on the button projecting near the figure 12 of the dial. The escapement is a lever one fitted with COMPENSATION Balance, so as to keep accurate time in any climate. Price, net cash..... 125 0

The same works in crystal case. Net cash 110 0

A large collection of high-class Chronograph Gold Watches always in stock, varying in Price from Rs. 510 to 750 0

Watches with Chronograph hand at the back, of a cheaper quality, each at Rs. 75, 85, and... ... ... 95 0

We are ready to exchange any of the above if, on receipt, not approved of. Repairs executed by the most experienced Workmen at very low prices.

C. MARCKS AND COMPANY.
WATCH MANUFACTURERS, &c.,
43, ESPLANADE-ROAD, BOMBAY.

OUTSTATION REQUIREMENTS.

TO all those living in Outstations or proceeding on Tour, we can confidently recommend our carefully selected and constantly replenished STOCK of those articles of daily use, which experience has shown are the BEST and most RELIABLE for the DISTRICTS. STORES of all kinds, of guaranteed quality; WINES and SPIRITS of the best brands; SMOKERS' WANTS in the greatest variety; GLASSWARE, LAMPS, ENAMELLED IRONWARE, and innumerable necessary articles for household use; STATIONERY of every description.

GYMKHANA and SPORTING REQUISITES from the best makers. *Our varied stock of these will be found unsurpassed.*

MEDICINES, MEDICINE CHESTS, PATENT MEDICINES, TOILET PREPARATIONS, SURGICAL and VETERINARY INSTRUMENTS in the Pharmacy Department are under the special care of several duly qualified ENGLISH CHEMISTS, to whose charge is also confided our well-known AERATED-WATER Manufactory. *Superiority and Purity are thus guaranteed.*

Our splendid assortment of ELECTRO-PLATE, LEATHER and FANCY GOODS offers an ample selection for Presents, etc.

☞ Price lists and pro-forma Invoices on application.

Pharmacy Branch Church-gate-street, Bombay. } B. PHILLIPS AND CO., } Pharmacy Branch Boodwar Peit, Poona City.
TEMPLE HOUSE, POONA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE

TO DOCTORS AND ENGINEERS.

AN EXTRA STRONG 18-carat Gold KEYLESS HUNTING WATCH, independent centre seconds, half chronometer, 12 holes, jewelled breguet spring adjusted in temperatures and positions [illegible] Leonard London.

CHUBB'S BOX AND LOCK MART,
47, Parsee Bazaar-street, Fort,
BOMBAY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the LIST of PERSONS QUALIFIED to be ELECTED or APPOINTED MEMBERS of the CORPORATION and of PERSONS QUALIFIED to VOTE at RATEPAYERS' ELECTIONS, is READY and can be seen at this office.

Persons whose names do not appear on the said List, but who claim to be placed thereon, must apply to the Municipal Commissioner within thirty days from the date hereof, producing proofs of qualifications.

E. C. K. OLLIVANT,
Municipal Commissioner.

Municipal Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 30th Sept. 1884.

THE MUNICIPAL CORPORATION OF BOMBAY.

THE following gentleman has been NOMINATED for election by Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace, at the meeting to be held on the 4th October, 1884, to serve as member of the Municipal Corporation of Bombay :—

MR. JEHANGIR BYRAMJEE MURZBAN, nominated by Sir Frank H. Souter, Kt., C. S. I., seconded by Mr. Grattan Geary.

E. C. K. OLLIVANT,
Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.

Bombay, Municipal Commissioner's Office, 30th Sept. 1884.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

WITH reference to the Notification No. 3550, General Department, by order of His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor in Council, which appeared in Part I. of the *Bombay Government Gazette Extraordinary* of the 27th instant, and under rule 1 of the rules therein referred to, it is hereby notified that the POLLING PLACE for the RATEPAYERS' ELECTION to be held on Wednesday, the 8th proximo, is fixed to be at the MUNICIPAL OFFICE.

E. C. K. OLLIVANT,
Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.

Municipal Offices, 30th Sept. 1884.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

THE following are the names of Gentlemen who have been duly NOMINATED and seconded as CANDIDATES for ELECTION by RATEPAYERS as Members of the Municipal Corporation at the election to be held on WEDNESDAY, the 8th October, 1884 :—

MR. ROLAND BLANEY, M.A., M.B., C.M., nominated by Mr. Nanabhoy B. Jeejeebhoy, seconded by Mr. Sorabjee S. Bengalee, C.I.E.

MR. DAMODAR THAKARSEY MULJI, nominated by Mr. Sorabjee S. Bengalee, C.I.E., seconded by the Hon. Mr. Kashinath Trimbak Telang, C.I.E.

MR. DAMODAR THAKARSEY MULJI, nominated by the Hon. Rao Saheb V. N. Mandlik, C.S.I., seconded by or Hon'ble Mr. Forbes Adam.

MR. RASTAMJI NUSSERVANJI KHORY, M.D., nominated by Mr. Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, seconded by Surgeon-Major A. N. Hoyel.

E. C. K. OLLIVANT,
Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.

Municipal Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 30th Sept. 1884.

NOTICE.—No. 3579.

TO BE SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION in the

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

TUESDAY EVENING, SEPT. 30.

THE re-opening of business to-day has not been attended by any increase of activity, the home advices by wire regarding Produce generally and Cotton more particularly being still most adverse in tone. The one encouraging feature, so far as Bombay is concerned—is the pacific tenor of the news from China which will have a beneficial effect on the position of our local Cotton Mills.

The London money market remains unaltered with rates of discount at 1⅝ on 3 months' and 2 per cent. on 4 months' bills. French Rentes in Paris have recovered the previous decline of ⅛, but Consols are ⅛ lower at 101⅛. Indian Loans both sterling and rupee are unaltered.

In the Produce markets with the exception of a pratial advance of 6d. per quarter in Liverpool, Seeds and Wheat are unaltered.

Cotton in Liverpool yesterday was again very week in tone with a decline of 1-16d. all round in spot prices, ¼d. in near arrivals of American. The sales of the day were, however, 10,000 bales including 1,200 Surats and the decline in values will certainly increase the consumption. In New York ready cotton has declined ¼ cent. futures 7 points. The receipts at the U. S. ports to date are as follows :—

	1884	1883	1882
Two days' Receipts	38,000	34,000	31,000
Three days' Receipts	58,000	50,000	50,000
Total since 1st Sept.	314,000	374,000	351,000

For this week the figures for the first time promise to be in excess of last year and large receipts are always against the market whatever the position may be otherwise.

The market here has been extremely dull, again with no export demand. Prices are nominally Rs. 2 per candy lower both in old ready and new for future delivery. Even at the decline, however, the margin is against exporters and we must see a fall of quite Rs. 5 per candy before business of any importance becomes practicable.

SEEDS and WHEAT remain practically unchanged, both as regards prices and portions.

FREIGHTS are in the same depressed condition. For Liverpool and London we quote 12s 6ds. for [illegible] measurement. Hall and Continental ports 22s. 6ds. with very little inquiry.

IMPORTS.—Piecegoods are steady with if any thing a tendency to a slightly improved market, Varns are also a triple better. Coals are very strong and ready. Cardiff has been sold at Rs. 17½ per ton alongside : Exchange :—Sterling rates have been steady but quite unaltered and very little business has been done. We quote on London :—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 7 17-32d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 7 15-32d.	"
Do. Three months'	1s. 7d.	"
Credits do.	do. 1s. 7 23-32d.	"
Francs do.	do. 207½	"

The Bank of Bombay return for the week ending on Saturday shows no movements of special importance, the following being the changes in the various accounts :—

Public Deposits at H. O	Inc Rs.	20 683
Do do Branches	Dec do	1,05,091
Other Deposits	Dec do	2,25,479
Cash Credits under wa	Dec. Rs.	25,913
Government Securities	Dec. "	11,887
Loans	Dec. "	3,72,081
Bills Discounted	Dec. "	4,24,100
Cash with Correspondents	Inc. "	26,734
Cash and Currency Notes	Inc. "	4,71,754

GOVERNMENT Paper to-day has been quiet and rather easier at Rs. 99¼ for Fours and Rs. 102⅜ per Fours and a-half.

SHARES in the morning opened rather dull but later on improved in tone and after the China news became known were decidedly firm. In most cases Spinning and Weaving companies are Rs. 5 to Rs. 10 higher and tending upwards.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rate
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	14 p.ct.	755
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	5 do.	440
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	5 do.	630
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	10,000	100	all	6 do.	118
Hong. and Shang. B. Corporation	60,000	£125	all	17½ do.	£50
National Bank of India	37,320	£ 250	12½	5 do.	99

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G.I.P. Railway Consolidated Stock	..	£20	218-3-0	5 p.ct	350
Do. New £20 shares	..	£20	139-14-6	do.	585
Ditto	..	£20	6-6-3	do.	
Ditto	..	£20	21-13-1	do.	
B. B. & C. I. Ry. Co.	..	£100	1,000	do.	617
Do. New Shares	801	£42½	6-9-0	do.	57

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	150	5,000	2,850 Rs.	125	903
Akola Press Co.	80	500	all Rs.	40	43
Albert Ginning Co.	100	500	all	18 p.ct.	135
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee					1,189
Apollo Press	755	400	4 0 Rs.	30	335
Bombay Cotton Depary	620	1,000	1,000 Rs.	20	560
Great Cotton Ginning and Press Co.	600	500	all Rs.	85	600
Broach Cotton Ginning and Press Co.	1 100	200	all	..	42
Bombay Cotton Presses	200	100	all	..	1,175
Colaba Press Co.	90	1,880	1,880	90	1 485
Dhoolia P. & G. Co.	5 0	500	all	12	180
East India Press Co.	700	1,000	1,000 Rs.	1 0	1,215
Fort Press Co.	150	325	8 ...	400	2,725 xd
French Press Co.	300	500	all	45 p.c.	960
Harvey & Sahapathy Co. Ld.	150	500	500	..	325
Khamgaum Cotton Press Co.	240	500	all	10 p. ct	990
Mannar Manfg. Co.	600	250	250 Rs.	10	310 xd
Mercantile Press	800	125	125 Rs.	7½	142½
Mofussil Co.	3 122	100	400 Rs.	14	412½
New Indian Press	2,400	125	125 Rs.	25	212½
Prince of W. Press	500	..	500	100	627½
Sahapathy Press Co., Ld., (Bellary.)	500	500	500	..	50
Sind Press Co.	400	2,000	750 Rs.	50	610
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co.	100	1,000	750 Rs.	150	1,275
Sassoon Press Co.	300	800	800	25	515
Volkart Press Co.	450	90		65	845

BANK OF BOMBAY.

STATEMENT of the affairs of the Bank of Bombay as on 27th September, as compared with the statement of 20th September :—

LIABILITIES.	Sept. 20. Rs.	Sept. 27. Rs.
Proprietors' Capital	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
Reserve Fund, invested in Govt. and other authorized Securities	25,00,000	25,00,000
Public Deposits at Head Office	35,48,502	35,69,185
do. do. at Branches	9,32,223	7,86,124
Other Deposits	1,94,87,753	1,92,62,253
Post Bills	14,266	12,374
Cash Credits undrawn	5,68,336	6,19,839
	3,70,71,049	3,67,49,775
ASSETS.		
Govt. & other authorized Securities	50,60,440	50,45,653
Cash Credits, on Security of Govt. Paper, Bullion, and Merchandise	16,24,013	16,15,990
Cash, & Deposits at Call	36,38,574	32,66,193
Current Accounts, overdrawn	722	571
Bills Discounted and purchased	1,46,42,192	1,42,17,382
Stamps	2,823	2,815
Dead Stock Rs. 3,62,711		
Amt. applied in reduction 2,55,000	3,07,711	3,07,711
Cash Balances with Correspondents	9,75,966	10,03,700
Cash and Currency Notes	1,08,18,606	1,12,90,360
	3,70,71,049	3,67,49,775

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE ship County of Peebles, 1,613 tons, Captain J Blair, will sail to-day for Calcutta, with a general cargo.

THE German barque H Printzenberg, 553 tons, Captain A. Schloenemann, will sail to-day for Chittagong, with a general cargo.

The Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's Co's steamship Berenice, 1,707 tons, Captain G B Verona, sailed yesterday for Trieste, &c, with a general cargo, and the following passengers :—Mr A Mutle, Revd Pe Cyrillo and six deck passengers.

DEPARTURE.

Sept.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
30	Berenice (a)	Verona	Trieste, &c.

The following vessels obtained port clearances yesterday :—
Ship County of Peebles, Blair, for Calcutta.
Steamer R. Rubattino, Merello, for Genoa &c.
Barque H. Printzenberg Schloenemann, for Chittagong.

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—
Steamer Malwa, for China &c.
" City of Venice, for Liverpool.
" Chi-dwara, for Rangoon and Moulmein via Cochin and Negapatam.
" Pachumba, for Persian Gulf via Kurrachee.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—SEPTEMBER 27.

Ashby, Lieut, 16th Bombay N L I, from leave, from England.

SEPTEMBER 28.

Bedford, Lieut-Col, R E, on leave, from Kirkee.

SEPTEMBER 29.

Goldie, Lieut Col, 6th Dragoon Guards, from leave, from England.
Baird, Major, R E, from leave, from England.
Sale Hill, Brigadier General, Bengal Staff, from leave, from England.
Walter, Lieut Col, Pol Dept, on leave, from Sahgil.
Bayly, Lieut, 21st Bombay N I, on duty, from Poona.
Russell, R E, Lieut, on duty, from Bangalore.
Neeld, Captain, 17th Lancers, on leave, from Lucknow.

SEPTEMBER 30.

Mayne, Lieut, 2nd Belooch, on duty, from Poona.
Stewart, Surg, on leave, from Poona.
Bull, Surg, on leave, from Neemuch.

DEPARTURES.—SEPTEMBER 29.

Goldie, Lieut Col, 6th Dragoon Guards, to join, to Sialkote.
Sprat, Captain, 6th Dragoon Guards, to join, to Sialkot.

SEPTEMBER 30.

Bedford, Lieut Col, R E, from leave, to Kirkee.
Sale Hill, Brigadier Genl, Bengal Staff, on duty, to Assam.
Stewart, Major, 3rd Bengal N I, from leave, to Bandra.
Lambert, Lieut Col, R E, from leave, to Simla.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Major M. R. WYER, Comdt., B. V. R. C.

Bombay, October 1, 1884.

There will be drill in the Town Hall this day Wednesday, the 1st instant, at 9 p. m., sharp.

By order,
A. H. ATKINSON, Captain,
Adjutant, B. V. R. C.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST,
No. 3, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

MR. N. H. GHEESTA,
DENTAL SURGEON,
MAY BE CONSULTED FROM 9 A. M. TO 5 P. M.
No. 23, RAMPART ROW,
Opposite the Floral Fountain, next to *Bombay Gazette* Office.

MR. C. A. GRAVES,
SURGEON DENTIST,
NO. 14, RAMPART-ROW,
OPPOSITE WATSON'S HOTEL.

DEFECTIVE OR FAILING SIGHT.

THE sense of sight is so valuable that the importance of perfect and carefully adjusted spectacles can scarcely be overrated ; although the wearing of single eye-glasses should be strictly avoided, we have the highest medical authority, confirmed by daily experience, that imperfect glasses, together with the haphazard plan of selection generally employed, are frequent causes of irremediable injury to the sight ; and as no present economy can compensate for such a loss, it behoves all to be cautious how they are tempted to use the common pebble or glass spectacles now so generally sold.

For the guidance of those who are using pebble spectacles, it may be stated that when the pebbles are cut *against* the grain, and not polished on the principle which has been universally declared the most appropriate based on scientific research, they are injurious to the sight.

Unadvisable as the unnecessary wearing of spectacles undoubtedly is, the common notion that their use should be postponed to the utmost is proved beyond dispute to be a grave mistake.

Being in possession of all the optical instruments taken over by us from Dr. A. Menist, we are not only in a position to suit the eye sight to perfection, but to supply [illegible] the exact eye which so frequently are needed.

Pamphlet with self-suiting directions free on application

C. MARCKS & Co.

43, Rampart-row, Bombay.

NOW READY.

THE
INDIAN TRAVELLER'S GUIDE
FOR OCTOBER, 1884,
CONTAINING ALL THE
SPECIAL TIME AND FARE TABLES
OF ALL THE
INDIAN RAILWAYS,
WITH
ABSTRACT OF RULES AND REGULATIONS,
THE ROUTE ROUND THE WORLD,
THROUGH ROUTES AND FARES FROM
BOMBAY TO PLACES IN INDIA AND ABROAD
POSTAL AND TELEGRAPHIC
INFORMATIONS,
STEAM-BOATS AND DAK COMPANIES,
BULLOCK TRAINS AND TRANSIT COMPANIES
AND THE
ROUTES BETWEEN THE PRINCIPAL TOWNS OF NORTHERN, CENTRAL, SOUTHERN AND WESTERN INDIA.
WITH A NEW COLOURED MAP OF INDIA
showing every Railway Station on the Indian Lines.
PRICE EIGHT ANNAS.
Postage Free.
Corrected up to the last day of going to press, and published on the 1st of every month at the BOMBAY GAZETTE Office.

☞ The GUIDE for October has been thoroughly revised and systematically arranged and considerably enlarged, and the attention of travellers is particularly directed to the table of through-routes and fares from Bombay to places in India and abroad, which shows at a glance how a tourist making Bombay his starting point can spend his time to the best advantage. Short descriptive notices of all places of interest, the hill sanitaria, &c., are also given.

This Guide, having a large monthly circulation [illegible] Posts A very [illegible] medium for advertisers. For Rates, &c., apply to the Manager, "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SASSOON INSTITUTE AND LIBRARY, BOMBAY.
(2 DOORS FROM WATSON'S HOTEL.)
FOUNDED OCTOBER, 1847.

THIS SOCIETY, established for the diffusion of scientific, literary, and mechanical knowledge, possesses a Library, containing upwards of 10,000 books to which the best new works are being constantly added. The reading-room is well supplied with the illustrated and other papers, and all the best magazines are also provided for the use of Members.

SUBSCRIPTION :—Life Members, Rs. 150 ; ordinary Members, Rs. 6 per quarter. Visitors to Bombay are allowed the use of the Reading-room on payment of Rs. 2 per month, or 8 annas per week. Further particulars can be ascertained from the Librarian at the Institute.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BIRTHS.

BUTLER—September 21, at Narora, the wife of Mr. M. Butler, Sub-Engineer, P. W. D., of a daughter.

CONES—September 24, at Parichi, (near Jhansi), the wife of Jas. A. Cones, Assistant Engineer, Irrigation Branch, D. P. W., of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

CUMBERLEGE—LUARD—September 25, at St. Paul's Cathedral, Calcutta, Francis Henry, eldest son of the Revd. S. F. Cumberlege, Rector of St. Paul's, Covent Garden, to Frances, youngest daughter of the late Colonel G. F. Luard, Madras Army.

The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1884.

A TELEGRAM from Tientsin states that hopes are entertained there of a settlement of the quarrel between France and China, and that the Empress-Regent is reported to have resolved upon making overtures for peace. If this be true—and Tientsin is a quarter to which we may look for fairly reliable information—then the recall of Li-Hung-Chang possesses all the hopeful significance which was detected in it when the fact was announced at the end of last week. The reinstated Prime Minister, himself disposed for peace, has pointed out the way of peace to a pacifically-minded Empress, and we are on the highroad towards an ending of the dispute. Such is the aspect in which optimists will regard the situation to-day. Whether or not this is too bright a view of it, time alone will show. Evidently it is no longer a crime in China to mention the word "peace," as it was early in the month, when six members of the Tsung-Li-Yamen were dismissed for suggesting an arrangement with France, and when an edict was issued threatening that all who thenceforth counselled peace should be handed over to the Board of Punishments. A good deal has happened since then, and perhaps a change has come over the spirit of the men in authority at Pekin. We must remember, nevertheless, that the factors in a Chinese problem are often exceedingly uncertain, that the party which Li-Hung-Chang represents is in a minority amongst the high officials, and that it might be as easy to depose him next week as it was to recall him last week. Upon one point alone can we be certain, and that is that no better news could come from China than the news of that conclusion of peace of which the telegram which we publish this morning gives a hopeful, though still an uncertain, forecast. Such an announcement would be more than welcome in Bombay, where many interests have suffered from recent events in China.

THE Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is not to be congratulated upon either the tone or the matter of his recent letter to the Chairman of the Calcutta Municipality. Mr. Rivers Thompson appears to be under the impression that it is necessary for him to score a dialectic victory over the defaulting Municipal Commissioners, and to that object he directs his efforts with an energy which possibly does credit to him as a controversialist, but which assuredly will serve little for the promotion of a sound and wholesome sanitary policy in Calcutta. Herein, of course, he is guilty of a fundamental error. The Lieutenant-Governor's censures are severe enough in all conscience, but even if we assume that they are all of them well-founded the question still remains, "What good is to come of them?" We are not quite sure that Mr. Harrison had himself open to the rebuke implied in Mr. Rivers Thompson's observation, that the method of argument which the unfortunate Chairman of the Municipality has employed is "foreign to any with which Mr. Thompson is familiar," and that he must decline to enter upon a controversy conducted on such principles. Nor—always having regard to the essential point of the dispute—can we see what practical purpose is to be served by telling the Chairman that he must not, under shelter of his position, use language which constitutes a violation of courtesy and discipline. Mr. Harrison's letter need not have given such offence to the Lieutenant-Governor unless Mr. Rivers Thompson had been in a frame of mind peculiarly disposed to take umbrage. In this communication he endeavoured to show, by going over ground familiar to most people on both sides of India, that there was no need for the constitution of a Sanitary Commission at Calcutta ; and he intimated that if the Lieutenant-Governor were inexorable, and were resolved to inflict this intolerable stigma upon the Corporation of Calcutta, the Commissioners would avail themselves of the right conferred upon them by law, and would appoint a second member of the Commission. There, one would have supposed, the matter might have been allowed to rest. The Corporation had accepted their fate, under protest it is true ; but the protest need have hurt no one—not even a highly sensitive Lieutenant-Governor. It could not hinder the work of the new Commission by one hour, nor need it have given Mr. Rivers Thompson the trouble to reply to it with all the elaborate yet useless amplitude of a State paper. It is in the presence of documents such as this that we can understand the frame of mind in which Carlyle wrote his caustic chapter on the art of "having the last word to be." People at Calcutta ought by this time to understand what that means. There has been more than enough of it, and we fancy that the inhabitants of the capital would be very glad if the men in authority would just take it for granted that everything and everybody had been and done amiss, and would at once proceed to business. The Calcutta controversy should have been at an end long since, and the real work of the Commission ought to have been begun before now.

Into the merits of the controversy, as it is presented in the Lieutenant-Governor's recent letter, there is no need to enter. The Municipality have chosen a second Commissioner in the person of Mr. Cotton, and there is nothing, therefore, that they have to do in order that the Government Commission may set to work to carry out the scheme of sanitary improvement which the Government have insisted upon. There is little, therefore, that remains for them to say, or for the provincial Government to say, about them. Mr. Rivers Thompson seems to us to be just a little too fond of disputation with the Corporation. "If the Muncipal Commissioners," he says in concluding his letter, "are satisfied that the provision already made is adequate and suitable, they need have no apprehension as to the result of the Commission's labours." This is just the observation to provoke retort and to keep up an interminable controversy. Moreover, it is not a fair representation of the case put forward by the Corporation. Whether rightly or wrongly, their contention has been, not that Calcutta is in a perfect sanitary condition, or that everything that a city requires for its sanitary welfare has been done in Calcutta; but that they have done their best, considering the resources at their disposal and the obstacles that lay in their path. They have never pretended that the existing sanitary arrangements are entirely adequate and suitable, and it is scarcely fair to them to represent them as standing upon that contention. The willingness—the eagerness—which the Corporation have lately shown to carry out the behests of the provincial Government, if by that means they could escape the stigma, as they have always described it, of being superseded by a Commissioner [illegible] satisfaction with the result of their labours exists [illegible] in his own imagination than in their minds. Herein his own imaginative view of their disposition would have found in the Corporation a body, not content with their achievements, but desirous to prove their right to live by doing good work. In whatever view the history of the Corporation might be written, the chapter that dealt with the events of the past few weeks would, if fairly written, represent it as a body honestly bent upon carrying out a serious work of sanitary reform. The mistake made by the Bengal Government is not that it has sharply called the Calcutta Corporation to a sense of its duty, but that it has ruthlessly brushed the Corporation aside, when it was evidently in a frame of mind for doing its duty. The Government has been too hasty, too peremptory, too much bent upon riding roughshod over the people whom it took such pains to discredit from the first, and whom it now ruthlessly holds down. And the manner in which it has gone to work gives occasion for sympathisers with the Corporation to say that it has unnecessarily deprived the Corporation of the chance of doing the work that they were challenged to do, which is the same thing as saying that its intervention has been not only hurtful to the cause of local self-government in India, but that it has been superfluous.

In taking exception to the manner in which the provincial Government has acted during these unhappy misunderstandings, we do not by any means unreservedly approve of the proceedings of the Calcutta Corporation in the period preceding the dispute. Their more discriminating apologists readily admit that there has been a painful lack of practical good sense and a great want of administrative temper amongst the people to whom municipal functions have been entrusted in Calcutta. The principle of local self-government has been on its trial in the capital, as it still is throughout India, and it cannot be pretended that there, at all events, the ordeal has been satisfactorily gone through. There has been much eloquence in Calcutta ; much intelligence has been shown, and the readiness and subtlety of the Bengalee mind have been exhibited in both their best and their worst aspects. We have seen the same dangerous influences at work elsewhere, but nowhere else have they threatened to make such serious havoc of the budding institutions of self-government. It may be that the experience by which Mr. Rivers Thompson is submitting the Municipality of Calcutta, unduly severe though we believe it to be, will carry lessons with it where they are most needed. All over India there is need that those to whom some of the functions of local government have been entrusted should learn that it is their business primarily to expend money for the public benefit, and not to devise ways and means by which the expenditure of money can be postponed or prevented altogether. The art of doing nothing has too many professors in this country, and it is not an altogether unmixed calamity when discouragement falls upon them. But we question if any advantage that is likely to be derived from the action of the Bengal Government will outweigh the mischief that must necessarily arise out of this blow at local self-government in one of its most conspicuous seats. The Calcutta Corporation possibly have some sense of an attack upon their personal dignity in this ostentatious proclamation of their unfitness, in the eyes of the provincial authorities, for the work committed to them. They speak of it as "an intolerable stigma," and so, no doubt, it is. But it is something more serious than that. The Bengal Government can scarcely have given due thought to the fact that the time will come when its Sanitary Commission, having accomplished the work that has been given it to do, will stand aside, and the discredited Corporation will resume its place and work. Has Mr. Rivers Thompson thought of the difficulty that there will then be in reverting to the *status quo ante*? There will be a discredited and a discouraged Municipality—fundamental instrument of government distinctly and decidedly weakened in prestige and in power by the discipline to which it is being submitted. It is, indeed, a question whether, even after allowance has been made for the good work that is proposed to be done by the Sanitary Commission, Calcutta will not in the long run be the worse for this sudden disturbance of the course of her civic life. And if that is so we shall be left in doubt as to whether the Corporation, by doing too little, or the provincial Government by doing too much, has made the greater mistake.

ADMIRAL HEWETT stands up for the truth, even though the dinner table collapse under the weight of it. He has been to Mauritius lately and there a dinner was given in his honour by Sir John Pope Hennessy. And this is an incident of the dinner which a local paper reports :—"The Hon. Mr. Ambrose rose and proposed to drink the health of His Excellency the Governor, coupled with that of Lady Hennessy. Speaking of Sir John, Mr. Ambrose said among other things that he was the best Governor the island had ever had, and especially the one who had rendered true justice to the Mauritians. Upon this Admiral Hewett interrupted him, saying : 'No, he is not the best Governor that has been here. I am an English Admiral, and I oppose such comparisons. Other Governors have been equally just towards the Creoles.'" There has been nothing like this since Hallam, the historian, according to Sydney Smith's veracious account, got out of bed to correct the watchman who, at twenty minutes to three in the morning, called out that it was half-past two. But there is this difference between the two cases—that Hallam's watchman did not mind being corrected, whereas the Mauritius legislator did. Besides, the harmony of what might have been a very pleasant evening was destroyed by this awkward protest in the name of truth. Truth is mighty, the Admiral may think, and shall prevail, even at a colonial Governor's dinner-table. But is not the newly invented virtue of sweet reasonableness more in place at a social gathering than even truth herself ? The worst of it is that truth is likely to suffer through the Admiral's uncompromising devotion to her, for he cannot well look henceforth for many opportunities of serving her, at the tables of Colonial Governors at all events. Still he has the satisfaction of knowing that he has delivered a broadside in her defence which will not soon be forgotten. The Mauritians will remember for many a long day the gallant Admiral who spoilt a dinner-party through his extreme devotion to the truth. "You have praised one Governor at the expense of another before me," he is reported to have exclaimed. "You forget that I am a British Admiral." We wonder whether the offending Mauritian was the only one who forgot this.

THE POONA NATIVE GIRLS' HIGH SCHOOL.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL REPORTER.)

POONA, SEPT. 28.

THERE was a large gathering, consisting chiefly of Hindoo ladies and gentlemen, at the Heera Baugh, this morning, to witness the formal opening of the Poona High School for Native Girls by H. E. the Governor. Educated natives have long felt the want of some means for bridging over the intellectual gulf which separates them from their wives and daughters, and no sooner was the movement for imparting higher education set on foot in the middle of July last, than it received the cordial support, both moral and material, of natives from all parts of the Presidency. They have been found to be warmly in favour of the undertaking, because in the education of their women they see some probability of a happy solution in the end of such vexed social problems as infant marriage and enforced widowhood. At present the educated portion of the community complain that in their efforts in the direction of real domestic reforms they are seriously handicapped by the opposition which they generally meet with from the ladies of their family ; and they seem to think that a liberal education would be the means of overcoming many of the obstacles now existing. The contributions towards the endowment fund have been very liberal, and in the short space of two months have reached nearly a lakh of rupees. Many Chiefs and Sirdars of the Deccan have marked their appreciation of the movement by subscribing handsome amounts. Sir William Wedderburn, who presided at the preliminary meeting, has thought fit to perpetuate the memory of his late brother by giving a donation of Rs. 10,000 in aid of the scholarship fund. The Marchioness of Ripon has recognized the utility of the object by making a present of Rs. 1,000 ; and His Excellency the Governor, besides securing the liberal support of the Government, has contributed Rs. 1,000 as a mark of the deep personal interest he has always evinced in the cause of female education. The Government have elected to bear the greater portion of the financial burden, by agreeing to pay Rs. 1,000 per mensem, [illegible] towards the payment of teachers' salaries. The managing committee of the school will find Rs. 4,000 per annum, sufficient to defray the expenses of the prizes and scholarships and miscellaneous charges, as hiring a number of carriages for taking pupils to the school and back home. It may be noticed that in the Bethune School of Calcutta, which by the way, is the only other institution in India for imparting higher education to native girls, conveyances are hired by Government for a similar purpose. As was the case when the education of boys was commenced thirty years ago on the lines laid down by Lord Macaulay, no fees will be charged to the girls attending the school for some time to come. This provision for giving instruction free of cost is made with the view of putting every possible facility for the growth and development of female education. But, as a matter of fact, the parents of the girls who have already applied for admission into the school, and of those who are likely to join hereafter, will, it is expected, have made some sort of contribution in support of the institution. Though it is intended to teach here up to the Matriculation standard, the institution will retain some essentially native characteristics. The vernaculars are intended to be the vehicles of instruction in the various subjects. In addition to the studies fixed for the University Entrance examination, it is proposed to give instruction in classical history. Instruction in domestic economy and the art of cooking will form an essential part of the curriculum. For the present the school will be located in a building in the heart of the native town. The cost of a suitable school house is estimated at Rs. 50,000, and as half of this amount has been promised by Government, the remainder is expected to be subscribed without much loss of time.

A most gratifying feature of to-day's gathering was the presence of some 150 Hindoo ladies belonging to the best families in the city. Their holiday attire of various hues added greatly to the picturesqueness of the scene. Though the hour of the meeting was unusually early, long before the appointed time the hall was filled to overflowing with Hindoos and a fair sprinkling of European and Parsee ladies and gentlemen. There was a modest attempt at decorating the hall with palm-leaves and red cloth. Sir James Fergusson was accompanied by the Hon. Mr. Peile and the Hon. Mr. Melville. His Excellency was introduced to Miss A. Hurford, the lady superintendent of the school and to Miss Sorabjee, who is appointed first assistant teacher. Among those present were the following :—Sir William Wedderburn, Bart., the Honourable J. B. Peile, C.S.I., the Hon. M. Melville, H. H. the Nawab of Jinjeera, the Chief of Jat, the Hon. Rao, Bahadoor Khunderao Vishvanath Raste, the Chief of Phaltan, Dr. A. D. Pollen, C.S..Mr. Chatfield, Professor T. B. Kirkham, Professor Theodore Cook, Professor and Mrs. Oxenham, Mr. Geary, the Rev. and Mrs. Beaumont, Mr. Pfigate, Mrs. Sheppard, Miss Collet, Mrs. Bayley, the Rev. Mrs. and the Misses Sorabjee, Sirdar Bulwantrao Venayek Sastri, Rao Bahadoor Shunker Pandurang Pundit, Khan Bahadoor Hosangjee Jamasjee, Meherban Temuljee Muncherjee Dustoor, Meherban Byramjee Jamasjee, Rao Bahadoor Lallubhai Goverdhundas, Rao Bahadoor Mahadev Wasudev Barve, C.I.E., Professor Ramkrishna Gopal Bhandarkur, Dr. Ganesh Ramchunder Desai, Khan Saheb Nowrojee Dorabjee Khandalawalla, Mr. Wamonrao A. Modak, Rao Bahadoor Mahadev Govind Ranade, Khan Bahadoor Maneckjee Nusserwanjee, Khan Bahadoor Dorabjee Pudumjee, Shrimant Sadashivrao Abasaheb Purandhare, Rao Saheb Vishnu Balkrishna Soboni, Rao Bahadur Narayen Govind Apte, Shrimant Trimbukrao Narayen Rajmachikar, Rao Saheb Ramchundra Sadhanin Gupte, Rao Saheb Sitaram Vishwanath Patvardhan, Shrimant Bapu Saheb Sanglikar, Rao Bahadur Narayen Pandurang, Meherban Sheik Ajmodin Waikar, Rao Bahadur Viziarangam Aya Mudliar, Rao Bahadur Narayenbhai Dandekar, Shri Wasudev Harihar Pundit *alias* Baba Maharaj, Sirdar Bala Saheb Shastri Patvardhan, Mr. Janardhan Gopal, solicitor, Dr. Balajee Babajee Godbole, Dr. Pandurang Gopal, Dr. Bhikajee Amrit, Mr. Hari Raojee Chiplonkar, Mr. Damodhur Viziarangam Aya Mudliar, Mr. Balkrishna Viziarangam Aya Mudliar and Mr. Nilkant Vinayek Chhatre.

The proceedings were commenced by Rao Bahadoor Narayen Bhai Dandekar reading the following address :—

To His Excellency the Right Honourable Sir James Fergusson, Bart., G.C.S.I., C.I.E., Governor of Bombay.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY,—The Committee of management of the Poona High School for native girls have asked me to request your Excellency to declare on this auspicious occasion that the school be opened from this day for the higher instruction of native girls. As the school is, in every respect, to be a Government institution at least during its first experimental career, the council feel that it is a little out of place on their part to make such a request to the head of the Government. But as matters stand at present, and pending the final sanction by the Government of India of the proposals made by your Excellency's Government, the responsibility of taking action has been placed upon the council ; and this circumstance furnishes the only justification for their taking up a position which naturally belongs to the authorities in charge of the Educational Department under Government. The council in the first instance most respectfully beg to tender to your Excellency's Government for the kind support they have received ever since the movement was started, and which they hope will soon ensure the recognition of the school as a Government institution under specially favoured conditions as to management. The movement has now reached a stage of public and official recognition which justifies the council in regarding that the time has now come when an authorised expression of their views and of the prospective scope of the undertaking should be submitted for the information of all who have watched with sympathy the movement, and who have obliged the council with their advice and suggestions. The spontaneous and liberal support accorded to the institution by the leaders of the native society who have contributed to the scholarships and building funds will doubtless receive the kind acknowledgments of Government, as furnishing a proof of the most convincing kind that the want of the institution was really felt in native society, and that its leaders have full confidence in those who promoted the movement. In the same manner the public press of the country—native and English—has, on the whole, accorded intelligent and independent support and the council feel it to be their duty to express their obligations to those exponents of public opinion who have criticised the proposals. The warmth of some of these criticisms was not more than what might be expected in the case of such a signal departure from the received order of things. Failure of council to take action has hitherto abstained from taking any part in the discussion and it is the more necessary for them on this occasion to meet frankly certain objections raised to the principle and the practical working of the scheme. Certain European friends were doubtful and gave expression at the first initiation to their doubts whether girls in sufficient numbers and from good families would be found to attend the school, and that under present circumstances female instruction by zenana teachers with periodical examinations at various centres was a more practicable alternative. The large number of girls present here to-day is a sufficient answer to at least the major portion of this objection. About forty gentlemen here and fifteen from outside have applied for the admission of their daughters and female relations into the new school. The number of girls desirous of being admitted has reached sixty, of whom about a will be Brahmins ; a will be of Kshtriya, Vaisya and other castes who educate their sons, and a will be native Israels and Parsees. About ½ of this are married, and both the married and unmarried may be expected to attend the school for a sufficient number of years. Another objection urged was that this school might interfere with the existing primary schools. There was not much ground for such apprehension as the primary schools teach generally up to the third standard and only a few girls study the fourth. We have insisted on proficiency in the third standard as a condition of admission. This is only one standard lower than the fifth form in the boys, and this difference in favour of the girls will be admitted as a reasonable concession. Adopting this test, the council are prepared to reject twenty out of the sixty applicants. The new school therefore will not be going to the extent of will do harm to the primary schools fail to be of further use to them, and if the new school succeeds in inducing the fathers of girls to continue their education from the day of marriage when they generally cease to attend the primary schools till the year of majority, an important advantage will be gained in the interest of higher female education. As regards the social status of the girls some doubts have been expressed. The status of those girls whose fathers have sought admission is as respectable if not more so than that of boys who attend the Government and private schools. This objection arises chiefly from a misapprehension of the conditions of native society. Social position is not among us determined by wealth so much as by caste and the hereditary tradition of the parents. These objections arise chiefly from the

TELEGRAMS.

THE POONA HORSE SHOW.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPT. 30.

Poona society assembled this afternoon at Wanowree to witness the opening of the horse show, and there was a large concourse of natives outside the ring. The collection of animals was the largest witnessed for some years past, and numbers some five hundred. Under the head of "fancy classes" some very fine exhibits have been sent in. According to arrangements made by their owners, the horses were ridden and driven in the presence of the judges. The performances of Miss Stannard, who rode one of the horses, and went over hurdles with ease and grace, won particular admiration. The entries in the "breeders' class" were most numerous, and natives from far and near had come to exhibit their animals; but some very specimens created much amusement. There being no time to determine all the awards, the further inspection will take place to-morrow. The successful organization of the show is greatly due to Major Babington, who has worked with commendable zeal.

THE GOVERNMENT STEAMER SIR WILLIAM PEEL.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA

The Government steamer [illegible] lately stranded, arrived [illegible] has gone into [illegible]

(DEPENDENT.)

COLOMBO, SEPT. 30.

[illegible]th inst. has arrived and [illegible]ne of French operations in [illegible]have warned the French [illegible]d the French Consul- [illegible]ve Shanghai at short notice. The [illegible]rument is pressed for money. There [illegible]n no customs duty. The authori- [illegible] to provide the means for daily [illegible]overnment is inclined to listen to terms of peace. It is believed that the French also wish to terminate hostilities.

The French fleet is partly at Keelung, partly at the mouth of the Min river. Reinforcements were expected at Saigon.

Nothing has happened at Tongking. The Chinese report of victories of importance is not credited. Chinese labourers refuse to work on a French frigate which has put in for repairs at Hongkong dock. The Chinese fleet is on the Yangtzie river, thirty miles from the port of Woosung. The Pecking authorities have issued a notice to foreign Consuls that France is at war with China, and that they must decline to supply materials and munitions to French commanders. Lieutenant Hubbard, of the Zephyr, is not dead; his leg has been amputated, and he is in a dangerous condition. The populace are excited against foreigners generally, and at Foochow they are still troublesome. The Kimpai forts fire daily on British vessels passing up the Min river.

THE CREW OF THE NISERO.

The Nisero crew have been released and arrived at Singapore. They are all well and have embarked for London.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE FRANCO-CHINESE WAR.

REPORTED PEACEFUL DECISION OF THE EMPRESS OF CHINA.

TIENTSIN, SEPT. 29.

Strong hopes are entertained here of a peaceful settlement of the Franco-Chinese difficulty.

It is reported that the Empress of China has decided upon making peace with France.

THE NILE EXPEDITION.

CAIRO, SEPT. 29.

A telegram received from Dongola states that a nugga containing two officers and thirty-six men of the 35th Regiment has been wrecked on an island in the River Nile. Two men were drowned.

MOVEMENTS OF TROOPSHIPS.

PORT SAID, SEPT. 28.

H. M. Troopship Himalaya has passed the Canal homeward bound, and the Malabar has passed outward bound to Bombay.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

SUEZ, SEPT. 29.

The Clan Line steamer Clan [illegible]ham left here for Colombo, Madras, and Calcutta this morning.

[illegible]DON, SEPT. 29.

The Liverpool Cotton [illegible] closed irregular.

[illegible]een dat. 4 5-16

[illegible]n quiet. 80⅛

[illegible] 83⅛

[illegible] 101⅛

French Rentes [illegible] 107½

[illegible] 106

[illegible]s sum of about £75,000 has been [illegible] on the Bank of England for [illegible] withdrawn [illegible]. The Chartered Mercantile Bank of [illegible]ondon, and China pays a dividend of 2½ per cent., [illegible] the past half-year, and carries forward [illegible]0,000 sterling, and also carries forward [illegible]. 30 13-16

[illegible]—Bryn Gwyn and Accomac.

[illegible]lections of two members of the Municipal [illegible]on in the place of the late Mr. Dinanath [illegible]th Khote and Khan Bahadur Sheikh [illegible]Cassum take place on Wednesday next.

The following gentlemen have been nominated as candidates:—Mr. Roland Blaney, M. A., M. B., proposed by Mr. Nanabhoy B. Jeejeebhoy, seconded by Mr. S. S. Bengalee, C. I. E.; Mr. Damodar Thakersey Muljee, proposed by Mr. S. S. Bengalee and the Hon. Rao Saheb V. N. Mandlik, C. S. I., and seconded by the Hon. Mr. K. T. Telang, C.I.E., and the Hon. Mr. Pestonjee Framjee Cama; and Dr. R. G. Khory, proposed by Mr. D. M. Petit, and seconded by Surgeon-Major Hojel.

YESTERDAY the cricket match between the Calcutta and Bombay teams was abruptly closed by the collapse of the visitors in their second innings. Bombay finished the first innings for 101, 39 ahead of their opponents; but owing to the destructive bowling of Newnham only 38 was scored by Calcutta in their second essay, leaving the home men the victors by an innings and a run. This left the afternoon free for racquets. Mr. G. Fagan and Mr. Patteson played for Calcutta against Mr. Gell and Mr. Russell for Bombay. The representatives of Bombay were again successful. Mr. Garth for Calcutta, however, beat Mr. Nicholson, the Bombay representative, in the single-handed lawn-tennis tournament by two sets to love.

THE Commander-in-Chief was to leave Simla at the beginning of the week for Dhami, about fifteen miles out of Simla, for some shooting, returning to-day.

THE *Indian Agriculturist* suggests that a conference should be held in Poona in connection with the forthcoming Agricultural Exhibition. "We do not," it remarks, "advocate a conference like that held in Calcutta to discuss statistics, but rather one to discuss practical agricultural questions." It suggests that the following questions should be discussed:—

[illegible]ecent and in what directions, should [illegible]ch be carried further by the Government? [illegible]ow can an efficient staff be best trained for the [illegible]oses of agricultural inquiry and research? [illegible]ow can measures for the prevention of cattle-[illegible]ases be best carried out, and what staff is [illegible]ecessary for this purpose? What is the best means [illegible]or introducing the cultivation of new products to [illegible]he notice of the ryot? In view to the comparatively successful results already obtained, how can [illegible]he growth of the sugar sorghums best be [illegible]ncouraged?

COLONEL CHESNEY'S interesting lecture at Simla "On Some Military Conventions" covered a wide field. He protested against one convention which seems now-a-days to be assuming a very objectionable prominence, arising out of the study of tactics in peace time, such as is derived from autumn manœuvres and the war game. He said:—"You hear now-a-days that infantry are swept away by fire from imaginary guns, that cavalry are [illegible]ersed, that artillery are smashed up; in fact, just as you are going to execute your great *coup* some [illegible]mpire rides up and tells you that you must go [illegible]home because you are placed out of action. We must use our imagination in peace time, and to throw ourselves into the realities of war during the exercise of peace is no doubt a very useful practice. But I think we should all protest most strongly against the assumption that prodigious [illegible]ual necessarily follow from going on boldly. [illegible]reatest losses in nine cases out of ten occur, [illegible]when troops are going forward, but when they [illegible]are halting. And I think we should all protest [illegible]the strongest way against this pestilent notion [illegible]anything is impossible; against the conven- [illegible]n of side of war games and autumn manœuvres; [illegible]the convention which they teach that one [illegible]ide of troops is as good as another; that the moral [illegible]element in war goes for nothing, and that the boldest line is not that which offers the straightest [illegible]hand to victory."

THE *Statesman* takes the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal to task for what it alleges to be an attempt to degrade the dispute between the Government and the Calcutta Municipality into a mere personal duel between him and Mr Harrison, the Chairman of the Municipality. It points out the mischiefs that would flow from violating conventional forms of intercourse that have been established between Governmental departments, for the very purpose of avoiding the embarrassment and friction that would arise from not veiling the personality of the agents who have to conduct it, and adds:—"If the Lieutenant-Governor thought it incumbent upon him to express his displeasure with Mr. Harrison as a member of the Civil Service, there was a proper and becoming way of doing it; but to address such remarks to him as Chairman of the Municipality, in which his existence is impersonal, is one of those acts of indiscretion and public disservice that Mr. Thompson upon reflection will himself be as conscious of, and regret as much, as ourselves. The Chairman is presumed to be the servant of the Municipality. Whatever is done or said by him, as Chairman of the Municipality, is presumed to be done or said by the Commissioners. For the Lieutenant-Governor in these circumstances, and in a formal letter to the Commissioners, to tell the Chairman that he will not permit him, 'under shelter of his position,' to do this, that, or the other thing, is not only to insult the Board, but to commit a grave impropriety. Conventional forms are established for the very purpose of preserving courteous intercourse between public authorities, and to preclude the possibility of its being disfigured by what is personal and unbecoming."

IN the good old times many young ladies [illegible] took the long voyage round the Cape to India in the hope, and with almost the certainty of having that hope gratified, of getting married. [illegible] seems to have come over the matrimonial market [illegible] many others. [illegible] in this country, as it has with [illegible] have been acquainted [illegible] from time to time in India [illegible] advertisements by [illegible] in different parts of all female society, [illegible]rors resorted to various devices for obtaining a wife. [illegible]e ago such an advertisement [illegible] *Englishman*, which certainly was [illegible] of brevity in such a case, as it [illegible], "A civil engineer wishes to marry," [illegible]en informed the public where he was to be communicated with. But now the matrimonial market appears to have become as bad for the female as it was for the male sex; for from another advertisement in the *Englishman* it seems that "a young English lady wishes to communicate with a gentleman over 30, in good position, seeking a wife." Of course photo. must be enclosed, though the young lady does not say whether she will send hers in return. It is to be hoped that this young lady will not be allowed to remain much long r in a state of what she does not appear to consider single-blessedness.

"A CALL to India. Wanted two curates, to complete staff of four clergy for civil station of Allahabad, N.-W. P. Priests. Unmarried. Musical preferred. Five years' engagement with Bishop of Calcutta. £300 per annum, house-rent, free passage. Apply to Rev. Brook Deedes, 129, Ebury St. S. W." This is the form of an advertisement which appears in a recent number of the *Guardian*. In the same paper is published an explanatory letter from Mr. Brook Deedes describing the effort as "an important experiment about to be made in the diocese of Calcutta, in which the Bishop is personally interested, and for which he is asking for good and true men." The letter goes on to say, "The men wanted are such as will think less of the terms than of the work, and will, with true missionary spirit, recognise in this new departure an opportunity for self-devotion constituting a 'call.'" The writer states that India has urgent need of such men, and a combination of circumstances makes Allahabad peculiarly fitted as a station to be endowed "with a solid parochial organisation." With regard to Church work in general in India he affirms:—

The chaplain is not an incumbent; he is liable at a moment's notice to be transferred to another station. There are chaplains who would willingly share their income with a colleague, but the precariousness of their own position precludes them from offering such settled work as might induce others to join them. Hence curates are almost unknown in India, and isolation, with its attendant evils, is added to the difficulties under which the clergy labour."

MR. LABOUCHERE writes in *Truth*:—"I have been inquiring of independent Liberals outside London what they think of the Egyptian question. They one and all regret the way Mr. Gladstone has allowed himself to be entangled into it, and they all desire that we should withdraw from the country, bag and baggage, so soon as possible. Their feeling seems to be that as Liberals we have no sort of right to impose any particular Government on the [illegible] and that to expend the money of the British taxpayer with any such object in view is only worthy of the Conservatives. As regards Gordon, they think that it was a mistake ever to send him to Khartoum, and that as he has remained there in defiance of his instructions, it is still a greater mistake to expend ships, or money in favour of interference in Egypt is only limited to London, and to those Conservatives out of London who allow themselves to be humbugged by their leaders."

"THE great stumbling-block to legislation," says *Truth*, "is the inordinate length of speeches. About one column of the *Times* may be spoken in a quarter of an hour. To report textually a debate from 4·30 p.m. to 2 a.m. would fill thirty columns of the *Times*. Lengthy and wearisome, therefore, as the debates are in the *Times*, they only give a very faint idea of what they are in reality. A member who has 'studied' the subject under discussion will get up with a vast bundle of notes in his hand. He will ignore everything that has previously been said both for and against the matter, and will treat it as a pioneer would a new and undiscovered country. But as he forgets portions of his studied essay he lapses frequently into persistent repetitions and into the vaguest of generalities. Some speak thus lengthily because they like hearing their own voices, and find a difficulty in winding up; others because they have communicated their effusions to the local journal which circulates [illegible] constituents, and these constituents seem to regard verbatim [illegible] as the soul of oratory. General rather than brevity [illegible] London papers only report verbatim [illegible] speeches of those whose views the public may be supposed to wish to know. But the condensed reports are made with great skill. It rarely happens that if the most obscure speaker makes a real point, it is not reported.

We have quoted the foregoing paragraph without any *arrière pensée*; we clip that which follows it for the information and guidance of our Municipal orators:—"If I might venture to make a suggestion to speakers, I would advise them to read the reports of their own speeches, and to model their oratory on these reports. All that is not contained in them is surplusage and a waste of time. If the *Times* gives them ten lines where they have spoken for an hour, let them limit their next effusion to ten lines, and bring out some new point in this brief oration. One good point is worth hours of vague rambling declamation roaming discursively over a subject. I take it that Mr. Ashmead Bartlett is now admittedly the prize Parliamentary bore. Why is this? He is by no means wanting in cleverness, and he very often has most laboriously instructed himself on the question under discussion. But he roams. He cannot keep himself to the subject, and, when he does he must needs treat it exhaustively. The consequence is that no one—neither Conservative, Liberal, nor Radical—listens to him. And yet, if this gentleman were to register two vows: one, never to speak more than twice a week; two, never to speak more than ten minutes, he would probably in a year or two be greeted with pleasure when he rises, and be listened to with attention. I merely cite him as the chief offender, but there are others who run him very close."

IF the war between France and China continues for any great length of time, it is likely to become extremely unpopular with the French ladies. It is certain that the continuance of hostilities will have the effect of materially augmenting the cost of one still important accessory to the French female toilette—the chignon. The importation of hair forms quite an important branch of French commerce. The amount imported in 1882 was nearly 150,000 lb; it had risen to over 350,000 lb. in 1883. It is stated that by far the larger proportion of it comes from the thickly-peopled provinces of the Celestial Empire. A war which threatens to send up the price of tea, silk, and false hair all at once is not likely to be popular with Frenchwomen, and the more bellicose senators and deputies may find it difficult to resist the pressure which their wives and daughters are capable of bringing to bear upon them in the interests of peace.

SPEAKING of Lord Rosebery's speech on Imperial Federation, the *Pall Mall Gazette* says:—

The most effective missionaries of Imperial unity are not Lord Rosebery and Professor Seeley, but the French admirals who bombard the seaport of Madagascar and the German doctors who are sticking up their flagpoles all along the West African littoral. Separation being out of the question, we are driven to the alternative of a closer union. Whatever may be the first steps taken towards this end, its ultimate issue is clear. The future government of the realm will be vested in the hands of the representatives of the whole English-speaking subjects of the Queen at home and over sea. And the Imperial Reform Bill, which must soon be forthcoming, while relegating the control of English, Scotch, and Irish affairs to English, Scotch, and Irish Parliaments, will vest the central government of the empire in the hands of a Supreme Council, in which every English colony will have equal proportionate representation to that enjoyed by the mother country, whose hegemony rests upon too solid foundations to be impaired by any such broadening of the base of our English realm.

So many complaints have reached the foreign embassies in Paris from tradespeople who have been victimized by foreign *soi-disant* dukes and counts, that the Ambassadors have determined to keep a register henceforward of the names and addresses of their compatriots residing in Paris; and a compilation of the different registers will be published monthly for general information. Nor are the Parisian tradesmen the only persons who will benefit by such a list. It will have the effect of excluding from the salons of good society the adventurers who make their way into them on the strength of the high-sounding titles which they have bestowed on themselves. Last winter, it seems, three or four such individuals, whose antecedents have since been proved to have been of the most disreputable kind, were constantly to be seen in the most select drawing-rooms of the Faubourg St.-Germain. Two of these "princes" have since been "wanted" by the Austrian police, and their hostesses of the faubourg have learned to their great horror that one of them was for a-long time a "garçon de bains" in Pesth, and the other a croupier in a casino.

A MONTH or two ago a large meeting was held at which the plan of a federation between England and her Colonies was advocated, and the proposal periodically crops up. But this would involve a common purse. Now, says *Truth*, there are three things which certainly ought to be paid out of this common purse. 1. We are perpetually told that Monarchy is stronger with Colonists than at home. The Sovereign is the figure-head of the Empire. Would this ardent appreciation of the monarchical principle take the form of a proportionate contribution to the costs of Royalty? 2. The world is studded over with our Diplomatic and Consular Agents. They look not only to our interests, but to those of the Colonists. Would the latter pay their share? 3. In order to hold our own against all comers, and to defend us and the Colonists alike from any hostile attack, we are obliged to have a fleet and an army. Why should we alone pay for this? Would the Colonists contribute their share? These are practical questions, and until we get an affirmative answer to them from the Colonists, it is a mere waste of time to hold meetings and to make speeches respecting an Imperial federation.

MILITARY NEWS.

LIEUTENANT F. B. JACKSON, C Battery, 4th Brigade, Royal Artillery, has proceeded on leave on private affairs for fifteen months.

CAPTAIN S. H. HARRISON, 2nd Battalion Liverpool Regiment, has been appointed Station Staff Officer, Darjeeling Depôt.

THE dilapidated state of the great-coats issued to time-expired men and invalids in this country has been brought to the notice of the Commander-in-Chief in India by the home authorities. An order has been issued directing that care be taken in future to see that the condemned great-coats and cloaks are in a wearable condition when issued. But why should *condemned* articles be issued at all?

THE following will be the scope of the examination in Military History and Geography to be held in June, 1885, for admission into the Staff College:—

1. Parts I, II, and V of Hamley's Operations of War.
2. Franco-German War of 1870-71 generally.
3. Specially. The operations before Le Mans from the 5th to the 18th January 1871. The operations on the Ognon, Upper Doubs, and Lisaine from the 5th to the 28th January, 1871.

THE orders regarding the resignation of their combatant commissions by Captains Harward, Thackwell and Powell, have been cancelled. They join the Pay Department under the new conditions.

THE Indian Government Troopship Canning, Captain R. P. Creagh, will sail to-day for Kurrachee, with the 14th Bombay N. I., consisting of 8 European officers, 4 ladies, and 1 child, 17 native officers, 785 men, 124 followers, and 23 men of the drafts of N. I., and 8 horses. The following are the names of officers:—Colonel and Mrs. T. E. Strong, Lieut.-Colonel and Mrs. C. J. S. Cahill, Captain and Mrs. J. Grant; Lieut. J. M. Canty, Lieut. and Mrs. E. W. Carter and daughter, Lieut. R. B. Coke, Lieut. W. Morse, and Surgeon J. E. Fergusson.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, Sept. 29.—Owing to telegraphic interruption, to-day's reports are very few. They show apparently that the brisk barometric rise noticed in the north-west yesterday has ceased, and been succeeded by a fall; but elsewhere the barometer has risen generally. The distribution and the wind approximate closely to that which exists during the prevalence of the south-west monsoon current, and the weather is unsettled and wet over a large part of the country. The rainfall is partial in the Punjab, being confined to the stations of Simla and Peshawur, and apparently absent from Behar, the Deccan except Sholapur, and Sirsa. Elsewhere it has fallen generally, and in the south heavily. Rain to-day:—Vizagapatam, 3 inches, Cochin and Bangalore, 2 inches; Pachmarhi, Wellington, and Mangalore, 1 inch; and a few amounts over ½ inch. Previously, Gorakhpur had 6 inches; Lucknow, Jhansi, Baharich, Karwar, Nellore, and Tuticorin, 1 inch; several amounts over ½ inch.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Colaba.		Fort.		Esplanade.		Byculla.	
	In.	Cts.	In.	Cts.	In.	Cts.	In.	Cts.
Previously registd.	71	47	82	64	80	29	77	43
Sept. 29 Monday	0	00	..	..	..	..	..	..
" 30 Tuesday	..	..	0	05	..	03	0	00
Total	71	47	82	64	80	32	..	43
Corresponding date last year	78	68	82	67	80	00	88	86

BOMBAY POLO TOURNAMENT.

THIRD MEETING.

A MOST opportune break in the weather during the last two days having put the maidan into fair playing order, the third annual tournament, which it was feared a few days ago would have had to be postponed to an indefinite date, was commenced last evening; and it reflects the greatest credit on the energy and unwearying attention of the polo executive of the Gymkhana that the ground after such a severe week's drenching and so much incessant wet, played as well as it did. Here and there, more particularly in the far corners of the ground, it was sticky and dangerous, but with a continuance of sunny weather the marvellous absorbing powers of the soil should ensure easier going for the ensuing matches. There were only two falls during yesterday's game, and neither, fortunately, was serious.

The following were the competing teams and the names of the players composing each:—

MHOW STATION.	KIRKEE R. A.
RED AND WHITE SQUARES.	WHITE, RED BELT.
Mr. the Hon. Trevor (Captain)	Mr. F. Corrie, Capt.
Mr. E. C. B. Cotgrave.	Mr. H. H. Clerk.
Capt. Du Boulay, 7th D.G.	Mr. J. Hanwell.
Dr. Ward.	Sgt. Major Wark.

UMPIRES.

Mr. Hughes-Buller, C. I. Horse.
Mr. J. A. Symons, Bombay Cavalry.

Play began shortly after 4-30 p.m. by Mhow taking the ball in the vicinity of their adversaries' goal (Gymkhana end), behind which it was eventually hit. Kirkee then worked it out towards the centre of the ground, when Trevor returned it by a piece of fine play, and presently off side play in front of the gunners' goal subjected the Mhow team to the penalty of retiring behind their own goal line. Trevor and Du Boulay were subsequently prominent by the manner in which they supported each other, but their brilliant runs were stubbornly repulsed by the gunners who, however, were not taking every chance offered.

2nd Round.—The ball, after being in the vicinity of the Kirkee goal for some time, was followed towards the touch line from which the captain of the Mhow team succeeded in driving it and Du Boulay cutting in scored the first goal by a very pretty drive. The gunners now appeared to be playing better together, but the ubiquitous Mhow forwards were too much for them, and Cotgrave presently availed of a diagonal shot and scored the second goal for Mhow.

3rd Round.—Kirkee were now determined to equalise matters, and more accurate hitting enabled them to carry the ball nearer the Mhow goal, and a fine drive by Sergt.-Major Wark just landed the ball over the goal line, and gave the gunners their first goal, although Dr. Ward almost saved it very cleverly. The Mhow men then attacked the gunners' quarter with renewed vigour, and Minchin in taking the ball round in front of his own goal allowed Du Boulay to seize an opportunity of planting the ball between the goal posts and scoring a third goal for Mhow by a very pretty drive. Shortly after play had been resumed the activity of the three Mhow forwards enabled them to score their fourth goal.

4th Round.—The gunners after cleverly returning a brilliant run of the Mhow men, succeeded in working the ball towards their adversaries' goal, where Sergt.-Major Wark backing [illegible] up well up well, hit the ball prettily between the posts, and scored Kirkee's second goal. A magnificent run by Trevor the whole length of the ground was presently made, and Du Boulay supporting him with his usual energy got a longish shot and secured a fifth goal for Mhow.

5th Round.—The Mhow team continued to harass the Kirkee men near their own goal, and an unfortunate miss on the part of the gunners unabled Trevor to score a sixth goal.

The 6th round was played almost in the dark, but the accurate hitting on the part of Mhow, and the activity and pace of their ponies enabled them to score two more goals before the call of time: both got, so far as could be seen, by Du Boulay. The match therefore resulted in Mhow scoring 6 goals to 2.

The Mhow team played very well together, considering that they have never practised together before; and their ponies appeared to be faster than those of their opponents. Sergt.-Major Wark, for the gunners, was conspicuous by his accurate hitting and energetic play.

The polo match Bombay (2nd team) *vs.* Poona will be played at 4-30 this afternoon.

THE CALCUTTA TEAM IN BOMBAY.

CRICKET.

ALTHOUGH the unexpected collapse of the Calcutta team in their second innings deprived the game of the excitement of a close contest, there was plenty to kindle the spectators into animation and to rivet the closest attention to the match of which the close was seen yesterday. Newnham's bowling performance on behalf of Bombay approached the sensational, and will immensely increase his reputation. He was simply irresistible, and Calcutta batsmen experienced at their hands what was stumped by Nixon off the last ball of Fagan's first over. Hensman's next over yielded Penny a single, but Russell, the last man, was dismissed by Hensman's next. The innings closed for 101 after five-and-twenty minutes play that morning, the last three wickets having fallen in six balls. Penny carried out his bat for 14 runs.

With 39 runs to the bad, Calcutta commenced their second innings at ten minutes after twelve, an interval of quarter of an hour having taken place. Mellor and Paine went in first, facing the bowling of Newnham and Gell. Off the latter the first runs were scored; Paine hitting him to the off for two. Mellor neatly placed Newnham past slip for a second two, but in his third over this bowler removed Paine's middle stump. The first wicket falling for five runs, this was not a promising commencement. Pattison became the partner of Mellor, who had a let-off at the hands of Nicholson at square-leg. Wilkins at mid-on also gave Pattison another life in the same over. Both catches were exceedingly difficult, but ought to have been held. Plotting accordingly, Pattison got Newnham to leg for two, and drove him for three next over; but Gell then, with an artful slow, induced him to give another chance to Wilkins, who was this time not slow to seize the opportunity. Two wickets for 13 runs; and before another had been put on, Mellor, the steadiest bat in the team, was caught and bowled by Newnham. Two of the men thus dismissed—Mellor and Pattison—had on the previous day contributed more than half the total score. This left the two brothers Fagan in occupation of the wickets; but misfortune still pursued the latter. After a maiden from Gell, Newnham crack Calcutta [illegible]mps behind G. L. Fagan, and the without having had a [illegible] went back to the tent [illegible] Nixon, who succeeded, [illegible] Newnham [illegible] in the fourth hand [illegible] a creditable win. With Calcutta likewise rested the victory in the fourth game, but then falling altogether to pieces, Bombay won easily by 15 to 3, and therefore conquered in the set.

Messrs. B. B. Russell and E. Fagan will play the single-handed racket match, representing Bombay and Calcutta respectively, at 3 p. m. to-day.

FIRST INNINGS.		SECOND INNINGS.	
G. L. Fagan, c Gell, b Newnham	0	b Newnham	0
W. Mellor, c Wyer, b Newnham	13	c and b Newnham	3
G. Nixon, c Penny, b Gell	7	b Newnham	0
F. E. Pattison, c Wyer, b Gell	13	c Wilkins, b Gell	6
E. A. Macintosh, c and b Gell	0	c Nicholson, b Gell	5
H. R. Fagan, b Newnham	3	c Ashby, b Gell	14
W. T. Paine, b Gell	3	b Newnham	3
H. Hensman, c Nicholson, b Gell	6	c Blackwell, b Newnham	1
F. Rawson, b Newnham	2	b Newnham	0
R. E. S. Thomas, b Newnham	7	c Penny, b Gell	0
A. W. Corrie, not out	2	b Newnham	5
W. Jacob, c Blackwell, b Gell	0	not out	0
Extras	0	Extras	1
Total	62	Total	38

GYMKHANA.

FIRST INNINGS.	
Capt. Challenor, c Mellor, b Hensman	2
M. R. Wyer, c Nixon, b Thomas	29
A. D. Wilkins, b Macintosh	6
A. Newnham, c Mellor, b Thomas	24
H. G. Gell, b Macintosh	4
F. B. Blackwell, b W. b Macintosh	1
R. Mactier, st Nixon, b Thomas	4
J. Ashby, c Nixon, b Thomas	3
J. Penny, not out	14
E. F. Nicholson, b Fagan	13
W. E. Young, st Nixon, b Fagan	1
B. Russell, b Hensman	0
Bye 1, leg byes 2, wide 1	4
Total	101

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

BOMBAY.—FIRST INNINGS.

	Overs.	Runs.	Maidens.	Wkts.
A. Newnham	18	31	6	5
H. G. Gell	22	22	12	6
Capt. Challenor	5	9	0	0

SECOND INNINGS.

Newnham	11	20	6	7
Gell	12	17	4	4

CALCUTTA.

FIRST INNINGS.

G. Fagan	13	18	6	2
Hensman	17·2	30	5	2
Thomas	20	38	8	4
Macintosh	9	11	3	3

Hensman bowled one wide.

LAWN-TENNIS.

YESTERDAY the representatives of the Bombay and Calcutta Clubs met again to play off the single-handed match which it will be remembered was left undecided on the previous day owing to darkness setting in. From Monday's play, which went decidedly in favour of the Calcutta representative, it was apparent that the two opponents were well matched, and that if Nicholson had been fresher he would have made a still better fight of it. Yesterday, in spite of the counter-attraction of the opening game in the polo tournament, there was again a large crowd to witness the game, the ladies mustering in fair numbers; and they were rewarded by the exhibition of some excellent play. In the end the judgment exercised by Garth, the Calcutta representative, in his returns gave the victory to his side by two sets to love after an exciting finish. Nicholson's serving, as well as his returns, were the harder of the two, but his services seldom came off. In backhanded strokes both were about equal, but Garth had the advantage in volleying and placing. Both men seemed to rely more on their backplay than on the net play that has been brought into so much prominence by the famous Renshaw brothers, and missed many chances of making some of those crushing smashes with which their name is connected. Garth is by far the prettier player, being perfectly cool and collected, and playing well within himself. He seems to know almost by intuition where the ball will be returned, very seldom having to run after it. On the other hand, he managed to keep Nicholson running about pretty well all over the court. In the first set, after each had scored two games, Garth went ahead, and won the remaining four and the set. He then placed the first, three games of the second set to his credit, and the spirits of the partisans of the Bombay man went down to zero. But from this point Nicholson woke up, and by some excellent play relieved his side from utter despondency, making the games five all. A very exciting contest then took place, Garth ultimately winning with eight games to six.

1st set.—Nicholson winning the spin commenced serving from the pavilion end and placed the first game to his credit, while his adversary only scored two points. Garth going on to serve, next won a love game. One all. The third was a love game to Nicholson; but this was his last effort for some time. Garth, by winning the fourth game, again made the score level, and from this point took the lead and kept it. In the fifth game Nicholson played very well, making one excellent return in the right hand corner; but Garth won the game—50 to 30. Going on to serve, he also put the next game to his credit with ease. Score 4 to 2. The seventh game was better contested, and deuce was called twice; but Garth ultimately won. In the eighth game by good service Garth brought the game to 15 all. Deuce was soon called, and then by a well-placed stroke Nicholson secured a point. After a prolonged rally he put one into the net, and deuce was again called; but Garth scoring the next two points, won the game and the set, 6 to 2.

2nd set.—Garth won the first, second, and third games of this set, the last being very stubbornly contested, both players running well-earned applause. Now it was Nicholson's turn to distinguish himself, and pulling himself together, he put a loot of spirit into the game. By two unplayable services Garth brought the game to deuce, but Nicholson was not to be denied, and playing up well, managed to win a game after losing eight running. In the fifth game Garth did some remarkable placing, sending Nicholson in pursuit of the ball all over the court, and finally won the game—4 to 1. The sixth game went to Nicholson; but by winning the next Garth put five games to his credit to his adversary's two. The next game was memorable for the best rally of the day, both players making some excellent returns. Ultimately Nicholson won, and bringing the score of Bombay to 3 as against 5 of Calcutta. Following up his success he won the next game also, when Garth was at 15. Score 4 to 5. The contest now began to get exciting, Nicholson for the time showing much better form. Deuce was called in the tenth game, but Nicholson secured that also. Five all. After a long rally in the eleventh game the Bombay score stood at 6 to 5. Vantage to Nicholson. Garth by winning the next made it six all. Deuce Garth won the next game. Vantage Calcutta wins. Then came the hardest game of the day, deuce being called in it three times, both men playing up their very hardest, and up to the last moment it was not certain which would win. Till at last Nicholson tossed a ball just outside the boundary, giving Garth the game, the set, and victory in the match.

The double lawn-tennis match Bombay *vs.* Calcutta will be played this afternoon at 4-30. Messrs. Piers and Caulfield represent Bombay, and Messrs. Patterson and Garth Calcutta.

RACQUETS.

THE cricket match having ended earlier than was expected, it was decided to play off one of the racquet contests in the afternoon. For Bombay the chosen champions were Mr. Gell and Mr. Russell, R.E., Mr. G. Fagan and Mr. Pattison doing battle on behalf of Calcutta. The match consisted of a rubber of five games. Fortunately for this city, Gell's form in the racquet court was as fine as it had been in the cricket field, and Russell exhibited remarkable skill in dealing with the most difficult returns. Calcutta was no less fortunate in having Fagan as their representative, but Pattison was completely off anything like form. The first game was put to the credit of the Bombay men by 15 to 3; they set in the ninth hand, but in the tenth Bombay won by a game to three. To Bombay also fell the second game, this time by 15 to 4. In the third Calcutta was 2 to Bombay's 10, but running up a series of [illegible] in the fourth hand they registered a creditable win. With Calcutta likewise rested the victory in the fourth game, but then falling altogether to pieces, Bombay won easily by 15 to 3, and therefore conquered in the set.

Messrs. B. B. Russell and E. Fagan will play the single-handed racket match, representing Bombay and Calcutta respectively, at 3 p. m. to-day.

ANTI-ENGLISH NATIVE JOURNALS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I think few readers can have failed to be at once amused and disgusted by the attitude of the *Times of India* towards the native press. For months past it has increased the circulation of the lowest Calcutta journals by reprinting extracts from them, an editorial "Oh, fie!" being sometimes added, but more often not. In the same issue the present Viceroy may read that his one good act has been to strike off the grievous fetters imposed by Lord Lytton on the native papers, and peruse those extracts from the native press which cause him to lose his faith in his own infallibility. Do does the *Times* contrive "a double debt to pay." It damns Lord Ripon with faint praise, and praises the native newspapers with still fainter curres. The *Amrita Bazaar Patrika* now enjoys an extensive circulation among Government clerks and others in this Presidency, and I have no doubt it owes this mainly to the free advertising of the *Times of India*. Its popularity may, in the first instance, be like that of the Society journals amongst ourselves, but it is probable that the clerical mind will become subdued to what it wallows in. On the other hand, I think English subscribers to the *Times of India* have a right to object when they find its columns eked out by nauseous extracts from low Calcutta journals, and still more nauseous comments thereon. Comments they can make for themselves, and in stronger and more appropriate terms than are employed by the *Times*. If these extracts are worth reprinting, it is mere cant to write of them as childish and below contempt; if they are not, why reprint them? The only result is to increase the number of their readers.

Sept. 29. PLAIN DEALER.

OUR NEXT GOVERNOR—WHO?

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Who is to succeed our present Governor is a question of great importance to the people of this Presidency. For the appointment the names of several candidates have been mentioned, but many do not know what their qualifications are. To me it appears that we want a Governor, particularly in the practical carrying out of the many wise and beneficent measures inaugurated by our present Viceroy for the material prosperity of this country. Bearing this view in mind, I venture to think that Sir Evelyn Baring is well fitted in all respect, to be our next ruler. While in India, Sir Evelyn took a very lively interest in supporting Lord Ripon's liberal policy for the material, intellectual, and political welfare of the natives of this vast Empire. Let us, therefore, hope to see him as our next Governor.

Rumour has it that H. E. the Governor is about to pay us a short visit in October next, probably to inspect the Kas Water Works now in progress. I fear that this will be his last visit to this part of the country. The Municipality should therefore embrace this opportunity for presenting an address to His Excellency.

Satara, Sept. 29. A NATIVE.

THE SHRIEVALTY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I think that no recommendation for the office of Sheriff for the ensuing year should for a moment be entertained except on the ground of the public services rendered by the proposed nominee. Judged by this test, and this test only—if Sir James Fergusson recognise the principle—the nomination to be made by him will secure for it the approbation of a clique, the members of which by preconcert [illegible] into the columns of a newspaper to trumpet forth the supposed claims of a pet of their own choice. Their admiration of their idol may be sincere; but they must excuse the worshippers of another faith if they cannot see the beauties of the idol with their eyes. Some of the suggested nominees may be worthy of respect and esteem in a general way; but, in my opinion, they signally fail to satisfy the only principle upon which, I contend, the nomination in question should be made. Mr. Kabrajee has rendered some service as editor of a weekly Gujerati paper and a Gujerati periodical: he started a native music club which he has since resigned; he has delivered lectures on native music and other subjects. He was one of the promoters of some convivial parties; and he has taken a part in the discussion of some matters at meetings of the Municipal Corporation. There are scores of others whom I could name, who have rendered similar, and, in my opinion, more valuable, because more enduring, service. But their trumpeters are dead; and I have no time or wish to succeed him. To say that this kind of service constitutes what is understood by the expression "public service," is to misuse terms. I do not know whether the praiseworthy exertions of Mr. By

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 7, APOLLO-STREET.

AUCTION SALE of Sweepings, old Wood, Iron, &c., at the Prince's Dock.

Under instructions from the Superintendent, Prince's Dock, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 1st inst, at 1 p.m. at the abovementioned place—

A quantity of sweepings, old wood and iron, &c. &c.

On SATURDAY, the 4th inst. at 1 p.m., Messrs BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction in the bungalow lately occupied by Mr. Rahim Aloo at Chincapooly, Parell-road, a little far from the New Great Eastern S. and W. Mills, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood french-polished and carved household furniture, plated ware, glass and crockery ware, 1, 2, 3, 6 and 10 light hanging and arcand lamps, six light chandeliers, double light wall shades, large pier glasses in gilt frames, large marble elephants, marble inlaid round table on gilt stands, a fireproof safe, globe lamps, large size oleographs in gilt frames, mechanical toys, large Brussels carpets, brass and iron bedsteads, rich flower vases, &c., of which full particulars will appear hereafter.

The property will be on view four days before the sale.

On WEDNESDAY, the 8th instant, at 1 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the "Wilderness," Malabar Hill, next to Mr. Dinshaw Manockjee Petit's bungalow, the valuable and handsome plain and carved blackwood and teakwood french-polished household furniture, best plated ware, very rich crockery and glassware, a handsome mahogany grand square pianoforte, by Schiedmayer and Soehne, a first-rate mahogany slate miniature billiard table by Thurston, with balls, cues, lamps, &c., complete, handsome large pier glasses in gilt frames, handsome large marble table, 1, 2, 3, 8, and 12 lights hanging and wall arcand lamps, first-rate large oil-paintings, oleographs and chromolithographs, rich Brussels and velvet carpets, rich table ornaments, handsome China and Japanese vases, one handsome strong Calcutta-built buggy in very good order, one strong Calcutta mail-phaeton, one handsome strong powerful chesnut Hungarian horse, broken to single and double harness, sets of plated mounted English double harness, &c., &c., the property of Nusserwanjee Ruttonjee Tata, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view four days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE of the whole of the stock-in-trade of the Bombay Livery Stable Co., Limited, at Byculla, opposite the Byculla Club.

Under instructions from the Board of Directors, Messrs BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at the above mentioned place, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th October at 3 p.m., in one lot—

The whole of the stock-in-trade of the Bombay Livery Stable Co., Limited, consisting of 50 horses and 60 carriages, about 40 sets of single and 11 sets of double harness, complete, also a number of a spare collars traces, reins, bits, &c. &c., surcingle and breaking gear, buck-jumping and other saddles, &c., stall collars, &c., accommodation for 2 horses, with standing partitions, feeding troughs, mounting, weather boards, &c., complete, also an iron-roofed shed to accommodate about 20 carriages and a country-tiled shed with five loose boxes, also a quantity of spare timber, bamboos and tiles.

A quantity of veterinary instruments and medicines, farriers' tools, forge and bellows, grain-crushing and chaff-cutting machines, harness stands, grain boxes, feeding boxes, buckets, ghorawalla's kit, &c., office furniture, chairs, Whitber's fireproof safe, books, &c. &c.

A deposits of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale and the balance to be paid within one month after the sale.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the General Manager, Belassis Road, Byculla, or to the undersigned.

The above is now on view.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 1st October, 1884.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
7, MARINE-STREET, BOMBAY.

SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY AT MODY BAY.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 1st October, at 4 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises, by order of the mortgagee, Lowjee Talla, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor, Dhunjeebhoy Jewajee Desai, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage, dated the 30th day of January 1884:—

All the right, title and interest of the said mortgagor in all that piece of land forming part of the state called or known as the Bombay Port Trust, containing by admeasurement 100 feet or thereabouts in length, and about 26 feet in breadth, together with the chawl or range of buildings standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under No. 41, which said premises are situated on the north side of Carwar Street, at the Mody Bay Reclamation, in the registration subdistrict of Fort in Bombay, and are bounded on the east by a passage, on the west and north by vacant land, and on the south by the said Carwar Road, beyond which is situated the house of Pallonjee Mistry, and were formerly in the occupation of the tenants of Framjee Hosangee, and are now in the occupation of the tenants of the said Dhunjeebhoy Jewajee Desai.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Mr. Jamsetjee Cursetjee Cama, the solicitor for the mortgagee, or to the undersigned.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, 1st October, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms—

10 bales grey shirtings.
5 ,, ,, dhoties.
10 cases prints.
33 boxes champagne in quarts and pints.
40 doz. champagne, moselle And hock in quarts and pints.
20 dozens superior English bottled sherry.
1 double-barrelled central-fire gun in case by T. Brand and Sons.

On account and at the risk of Abdoolally Dawoodkhan—
C—1118—1 bale 930 lbs. twist, ex Californian.
1117—1 ,, 200 lbs. ,, ex Hispania.

On account and at the risk of Damodar Narronjee—
A B C—3.62-6—6 cases prints, ex Inchcolm.

On account and at the risk of Hudeeawn Mooljee—
W M B—41—1 case white nensooks, ex india.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 2nd instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms, an invoice of hardware, consisting of galvanized iron sheets, galvanized ridge capping, tongs, gauges, gauge glasses and cocks, tallow cups, galvanized hoop iron, galvanized angle iron and continuous iron, drams of turpentine, &c.

SALE OF SUPERIOR TEAKWOOD.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 2nd October, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Mazagon Darookhana by order of Mr. Jainarrayen Sittaram—

Ex s.s. Sirdhana.

40 tons teak scantlings of various sizes.

On account and at the risk of Hunsraz Motee and Narron Akhai—

10 teak posts.

On account and at the risk of Gunny Dawood—
About 2 tons teak boards, 6 by 1½.

On account and at the risk of Jumnadas Damoderdas—
About 2 tons teak boards, 6 by ½, and 8 by ½.

On FRIDAY, the 3rd October, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction on the second floor of Sassoon's Buildings, opposite the Custom House, in Marine Street, Fort, the valuable and handsome French-polished, carved, and plain blackwood and teakwood household furniture, a mahogany full-sized slate billiard table by Thurston and Co., with balls, cues, &c., complete, 1, 2, 4, 8 and 10 light hanging arcand lamps, table and wall arcand lamps, kerosine-oil hanging lamps, table, large-size pier glasses in gilt frames, Brussels and velvet carpets, rich cut glassware, superior porcelain ware, table ornaments, &c., &c.

The property is on view.

On SATURDAY, the 4th October, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 12, Apollo-street, opposite the Share Bazaar, several newly arrived consignments of English and Continental goods consisting of perfumery and soaps, toys, handsomely painted flower pots, superior porcelain, enamel, toilet and tea services, superior China cups and saucers, tea services, breakfast services, cheese stands, cruet and egg stands, sardine and biscuit boxes, hall lamps, sconces, Bohemian glassware, first-class photographs in gilt frames, tea trays, Brussels and velvet carpet rugs, tin toys, fancy goods, kerosine-oil stoves of sizes, table and hanging lamps, electroplat d table goods, star and fern pattern and other goods too numerous to mention.

On SATURDAY, the 4th October, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by public auction at Winter-road, Malabar Hill, the valuable and handsome french-polished blackwood and teakwood, satin wood, household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a sweet-toned mahogany square pianoforte by Schiedmayer and Soehne, first-rate pictures, rich table ornaments, superior real China flower vases and jars, &c., the property of G. H. FARRAN, Esq., the same comprises richly engraved glassware, handsome superior porcelain dinner, dessert and coffee services, best plated cruet, pickle and liquor stands, tea and coffee service, ice pitcher, oval hot-water dishes, breakfast cruets, biscuit box, eggstand, bread basket, butter cooler, tea and coffee pots, large size venison dish, dessert knives and forks with case, decanter stands with decanters, toast rack, spoons and forks, table, piano and chamber candlesticks, best steel fenders, fire irons, table napkin rings, frenchpolished blackwood, teakwood and satin wood furniture, such as telescopic oval dining table in 3 pieces, drawing room, oval, round folding, sunday and side, Madras pattern dressing and washhand tables, richly carved pier tables, oval and square tables and teapoys with marble tops, drawing-room, easy and low-chairs with cretonne cloth spring cushions, dining room mallet-pattern, arm and without arm chairs, drawing room sofas lined rich silk, drawing-room, easy, low, folding and easy chairs, brass bedstead complete, camp and baby's cots, clothes horse, press, chest of [illegible] and dressing [illegible] stands, cane chair and sofa, handsome satin wood umbrella stand, cheval mirror glass back, tripod stands, ladies's revolving office chair, table cover, real old China flower jars, handsome marble flower vases and sets of flower pots, rich table ornaments, kerosine oil, sliding wall and table duplex lamps, gilt eight day clock, strikes half hour, first rate chromolithographs and other pictures, handsome Brussels carpets, English permabulator, bath and dispense room furniture, a large collection of choice plants in pots, &c., &c.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

The property of HENRY CLEVELAND, Esq., proceeded to Europe.

1 English-built waggonette by Thorn of Norwich, in thorough good order, painted lake and picked out vermilion with brake, shafts and pole.

1 English-built dog-cart by Thorn of Norwich in thorough good order painted lake and picked out vermilion with removeable hood and a spare pair of wheels.

On THURSDAY, the 9th October, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Eddington House, Mazagon, opposite Hamilton's Hotel, the valuable and handsome french-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a handsome English-built nearly new boat-shaped open carriage by Lowell, a handsome grey Arab horse, 5 years old, going fast, very quiet, and a set of English-made plated mounted single harness, rich table ornaments, handsome flower vases, pictures, table and hanging lamps, &c., the property of Captain W. E. HUTCHINSON.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

On SATURDAY, the 11th October, and the following days, sale commencing at 1 p.m. each day, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Byculla, opposite Messrs. Richardson and Cruddas' Metal Mart, the valuable stock-in-trade of Mr. Somjee Parpia, consisting of carved and plain frenchpolished blackwood and teakwood and Englishmade mahogany and walnutwood household furniture, best electroplated ware by Elkington and other makers, handsome dinner, dessert and breakfast services, rich cut glassware of various patterns, very handsome 6, 8, 10, 12 and 18 light chandeliers, 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 light hanging arcand lamps by Tucker and other makers, kerosine-oil hanging and table lamps, 4, 5 and 7 light glass-stem candelabra, rich table ornaments, handsome flower vases and pots, rolls of superior Brussels and velvet carpets, handsome pier glasses in gilt frames, English-built carriages, sets of English-made plated mounted single and double and four-in-hand harness, &c., &c.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, 1st October, 1884.

BADHAM, PILE and Co., Limited.
SUCCESSORS TO
P. GRANT AND SON,
MANUFACTURERS OF
SADDLERY AND HARNESS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
6, HORNBY-ROAD, BOMBAY.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 2nd October, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will hold their usual weekly auction sale at their rooms of a quantity of grey and colored piece-goods, twist, &c.

9 cases bobbins of various sorts.
20 ,, Australian jams.
15 boxes brandy.
200 ,, kcellings bar soap.
5 ,, colored muslins.
3 bales grey piece-goods.

AUCTION SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY AT BHUNDAREE-STREET, NULL BAZAR.

On WEDNESDAY, the 8th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the undermentioned premises on account and at the risk of the mortgagors Latifaboo, widow of Shaikally Moozavur bin Fakeermahomed, Shaik Hassanally bin Shaikally Moozavur, and Shaik Ahmedally bin Shaikally Moozavur, the deceased, and by order of the mortgagee, under the power of sales vested to him in an indenture of mortgage dated 17th day of September, 1873, and 22nd day of November, 1878, respectively, the following landed property :—

All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground together with the messuage or dwelling house standing thereon, situate without the Fort of Bombay, in Bhundaree-street, in the sub-district of Bhooleshwur, containing in measurement about 406 square yards, and assessed under Nos. 87 and 88, and bounded on the east by the Bhundaree-street and on the west by the sweeper's passage, on the north by the house of Necoda Hajee Ebrahim and on the south by the house of a Gulam Hossain and Hoseinbhoy bin Shaik Nubee.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

MENESSE & CO.

Bombay, 1st October, 1884.

BANKS

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.
SUBSCRIBER and PAID-UP CAPITAL £3,200,000
RESERVE FUND 2800,000

LONDON BANKERS
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON,
Messrs. C J. HAMBRO & SON.

LONDON OFFICE—52, THREADNEEDLE STREET E. C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
FIXED DEPOSITS accepted for fixed periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened for such deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.

CHARLES LOWELL, Manager.

1, Rampart Row, W.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & Co. are now IMPORTING WINES from the LEADING CONTINENTAL HOUSES, from whom the Clubs and Messes obtain their supplies, thus removing the difficulty so often experienced by Europeans in this country of obtaining thoroughly sound Wines at a moderate cost.

For List of Prices apply to

THE HEAD GODOWN-KEEPER,
18, Forbes Street, Fort.

NOTICES.

DARJEELING-HIMALAYAN RAILWAY COMPANY, Limited.

FOR SALE.

FOUR LOCOMOTIVE ENGINES, two feet gauge, by Sharp Stewart and Co., Manchester, in good working order.

W. STEVENSON,
Secretary, D. H. Railway, Darjeeling.

ANGLO-INDIAN SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND of Rs. 2 per share has been declared for the six months ending 30th June, 1884 (making for the whole year 7 per cent.), and will be paid on and after the 5th October to those shareholders whose names appear on the Register on 29th September, on production of share certificates.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from 29th September to 6th October, both days inclusive.

By order of the Local Committee,
P. PEARSON,
Secretary in Bombay.

41, Rampart Row, Bombay, 25th Sept., 1884.

A GENTLEMAN with several years' Indian journalistic experience is open to an engagement, either to undertake the entire conduct of any journal or as Joint, Assistant, or Sub-editor.

No objection to take up the management or superintendence of any Press or News Office. Advertiser understands thoroughly the minutiæ of every department of a Printing Office and carries with him a good business connection. First-class references. Address "A. Z.," care of General Post Office, Calcutta.

CAWNPORE WOOLLEN MILLS AND ARMY CLOTH MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Limited.

SOLE CONTRACTORS TO H. M. GOVERNMENT IN INDIA FOR THE SUPPLY OF BLANKETS TO BRITISH TROOPS.

THE Company having at great cost perfected its machinery for the manufacture of Broad cloths, Serges, great coatings and fabrics of a similar nature, is now in a position to register orders for these goods. The cloths manufactured by this Company are warranted to be of pure wool throughout, and for cheapness, durability and finish will be found unsurpassed.

Price Lists and Samples may be had on application to

THE MANAGER.

A SINGLE ARTICLE AT WHOLESALE PRICE.

SHROFF BROTHERS,
LONDON, BOMBAY, AND AMRAOTI.

HAVE much pleasure to inform the general public in Bombay and up-country that they have JUST OPENED a WAREHOUSE of CHEAPEST EUROPE STORES at 52, Esplanade Cross Road, Old Cash Bazar Building near Crawford Market, where all sorts of useful and Fancy Articles can be had cheaper than all other firms in Bombay, as they have secured Sole Agencies with several Merchants and Manufacturers in different European towns, all throughout the Continent, by personally visiting those places. "COMPARISON is the true test of CHEAPNESS."

IN STOCK, ENGLISH SEWING MACHINES BY S. DAVIS & Co., London.

	Rs. as.
EMPRESS Lock Stitch Hand Machine	40 0
PERIOD Machine on the Wheeler-Wilson principle	40 0
FAMILY Machine on the Singer principle	45 0
CHILDREN'S Perambulators with [illegible] wheels from Rs. 18 to	45 0
ENGLISH Folding Chairs with Arms and Carpet seats, each	2 8
PORTABLE Electric Bells with Wire Battery Push, complete, each	10 0
WATCHES in Gold and Silver Aluminium Metal, each, from Rs. 3-8 to	50 0
WHISKY, Glenogle Scotch Highland, per case	20 0
CLARET, Nicholes Freres Margaux, ,,	19 0
BRANDY, Beychau Fils, per case	18 0

The above three wines are imported first time in India, of which they are Sole Agents for India.

Besides the above we have a large assortment of DRESDEN China Vases, Flower Baskets, Ladies' Velvet, Plush, and Olive Wood Bags, and other Ornamental and Fancy Goods too numerous to mention here.

Messrs. SHROFF BROTHERS have also much pleasure to inform the general public that they have also started Agency for GENERAL PURVEYING AND BAZAR SUPPLYING of which they have long experience, and hope to satisfy their Customers both in Cheapness and best quality of Stores and Bazar than any other Agents.

PATENT MEDICINES AND OILMAN STORES from Crosse and Blackwell, and J. Morton, as well as Patent Medicines received by every Mail, and guaranteed to be quite fresh and of the Best quality. Also CHILDREN'S TOYS, PERFUMERY, CROCKERY, GLASS WARE, INDIAN and CHINESE CURIOSITIES and sundry goods.

COME ONCE COME ALL, and see for yourselves or ask your friends who have visited our Firm about our Prices and the quality of our goods.

SHROFF BROTHERS.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.
ALTERATIONS OF TRAINS.

ON and after MONDAY next, the Sixth of October, 1884, the following ALTERATIONS of, and ADDITIONS to, the PASSENGER TRAIN SERVICE of this Railway will take effect, namely :—

FIRST.—The Down Passenger Train which now leaves Bombay at 10-0 a.m. will start at 10-45 a. m., and arrive at Poona at 6-30 p. m. as at present.

SECOND.—The Up Passenger Train now leaving Poona at 4-15 p. m. as at present.

THIRD.—An additional Passenger Train will run between Bombay and Poona. It will leave Bombay at 8-30 p.m., and arrive at Poona at 5-15 a.m.; leave Poona at 8-30 p.m. and arrive in Bombay at 6-0 a.m. on the following day.

FOURTH.—The Down Passenger Train which now leaves Bombay at 5-0 p.m. will leave at 11-0 p.m. and reach Poona at 7-0 the following morning. It will leave Poona at 9-30 a.m. and arrive at Sholapur on the same day at 7-0 p.m. instead of at 5-45 p.m.

FIFTH.—The Up Passenger Train which now leaves Sholapur at 7-0 a.m. will leave at 6-30 a.m. and arrive at Poona at 4-9 p.m. It will leave Poona at 11-0 p.m. and arrive in Bombay at 7-0 on the following morning.

SIXTH.—The Down Mixed Train now leaving Sholapur at 7-0 p.m. will leave at 7-30 p.m. instead, and arrive at Raichur on the following morning at 6-45 as at present.

SEVENTH.—The Up Mixed Train from Raichur will start at 5-45 p.m. as at present, and reach Sholapur at 5-0 a.m. the following day.

EIGHTH.—The Down and Up South East Mail Trains will stop at Loni in addition to the Stations at which those Trains stop at present.

NINTH.—The Down Passenger Train now leaving Bombay at 7-30 a.m. will start as at present, but will arrive at Jabalpur at 6-45 instead of at 5-15 p.m. the following day.

TENTH.—The Up Passenger Train which now leaves Jabalpur at 10-30 a.m., will start at 10-0 a.m. instead, and arrive in Bombay on the following day at 5-0 p.m. as at present.

ELEVENTH.—The Mixed Train now running between Bhusawal and Khandwa will be extended to Harda. It will leave Bhusawal at 7-15 a.m. as at present, and arrive at Harda at 5-30 p.m., leave Harda at 8-15 a.m. and arrive at Bhusawal at 6-45 the same evening.

TWELFTH.—The Extra Passenger Train now running between Bombay and Bhusawal on account of the Nasik Fair, will continue to run as at present.

THIRTEENTH.—The Up Passenger Train from Nagpur at 6-35 a.m., will arrive at Bhusawal at 7-0 p.m. instead of 7-45, leave at 7-30 p.m. and arrive in Bombay at 12-30 p.m. on the following day.

FOURTEENTH.—The Mixed Train now running between Kalyan and Kasara will be discontinued.

FIFTEENTH.—The Down Mixed Train which now leaves Dhond at 11-0 a.m. will leave at 1-30 p.m. and arrive at Munmar at 11-0 p.m. instead of at 9-30 p.m. as at present.

SIXTEENTH.—The Up Mixed Train which now leaves Munmar at 5-0 a.m. will leave at 2-30 a.m., arriving at Dhond at 12 noon instead of at 1-15 p.m. as at present.

SEVENTEENTH.—Instead of the present Single daily Train each way over the Khamgaon State Railway, two Trains will run, at the following times respectively, namely : from Khamgaon at 8-45 a.m. and 3-20 p.m., arriving at Jalamb at 9-30 a.m. and 4-15 p.m.; and from Jalamb at 10-15 a.m. and 4-45 p.m., arriving at Khamgaon at 11-0 a.m. and 5-30 p.m.

All other Trains over the Great Indian Peninsula Railway, and the Dhond and Munmar, the Bhopal, and the Amraoti State Railways will continue to run as at present.

For information as to the Trains by which Horses and Carriages will be conveyed, and for further particulars, see the published Time Bill, dated the Sixth of October, 1884, exhibited at Stations, and the Special Notice in the Company's Monthly Guide Book.

HENRY CONDER,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, the 29th of September, 1884.

FLIES AND BUGS,
BEETLES, Insects, Roaches, Ants, Bed-bugs, Rats, Mice, Gophers, Chipmunks, Cleared out by "Rough on Rats" Cooper, Madon & Co., Bombay, Sole Agents.

MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT.

ESTABLISHED IN 1851.

Paris trimmed Bonnets and Hats.
Straw Bonnets and Hats untrimmed.
Ladies' black, white and coloured Suede Gloves.
Ladies' black, white, cream, and cardinal Satin Shoes.
Dress Materials of every Description.
Ball Dresses in Tulle, Gauze, &c.
Rich Silk Dresses, elegantly made.

WEDDING AND MOURNING ORDERS, CAREFULLY AND PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

Estimates for making up dresses, etc., on Application.

Orders from Outstations, to ensure immediate attention, should be accompanied by a Remittance or Reference for Payment in Bombay.

MRS. LAKE,

MILLINER, DRESSMAKER, AND LADIES' OUTFITTER,
7, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT,
BOMBAY.

HOME!! HOME!!!

SPECIAL LIST OF REQUISITES
FOR THE VOYAGE.

	Rs. a.		Rs. a.
Gent's Overcoats and Ulsters	Rs. 45 to 50 0	Ladies' Dressing Gowns	each 15 0
Gent's Deck Suits	each 10 0	Ladies' Bonnet Boxes	Rs. 8-4 to 11 8
Gent's Dressing Gowns	Rs. 10 to 25 0	Ladies' Straw Hats trimmed	8 0
Gent's Deck Shoes	Rs. 4-8 to 10 0	Ladies' warm Stockings	pair 2 4
Chairs, strong and light	Rs. 8 to 12 0	Marine Soap per tablet	0 8
White Shirts	½ doz. Rs. 22 to 30 0	Sun Umbrellas	each 4 8
Cambric Shirts	½ doz. 30 0	The Victoria Wrapper	each 16 4
Oxford Shirts	½ doz. 33 0	Rugs and Mauds	Rs. 13-8 to 33 0
Flannel Shirts	each 8 8	Gent's Undervests	each 2 0
Celluloid Collars	each 0 12	Gent's Seamless Socks	doz. 5 8
Soiled Linen Bags	Rs. 5 to 6 0	Pocket Handkerchieves	doz. 5 8
Overland Trunks	22 0	Rug Straps	Re. 1-4 to 7 8
Leather Portmanteaux	Rs. 15 to 21 0	Cambric Ties	doz. 3 8
Hold-alls, specially useful	Rs. 17 to 20 0	Money Belts	each 2 0

Suits, Ulsters, Overcoats, &c., made to measure at a few hours' notice.

BADHAM, PILE AND CO., LD.,

BOMBAY POONA AND SECUNDERABAD.

CHAMPAGNE.

CALCUTTA EXHIBITION.
HIGHEST AWARD GOLD MEDAL AND CERTIFICATE.

MESSRS. PERINET & FILS OF REIMS

BEG to announce, that anxious to extend the Trade in India of their Champagnes which are so well and favourably known in England, they have appointed Messrs. CUTLER, PALMER & Co. Agents for the BOMBAY PRESIDENCY and have instructed them to quote Rs. 56 per dozen Quarts. Pints Rs. 3 extra. Less an allowance for cash.

THE CASH BAZAAR, LIMITED,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTING DEPARTMENT.

THIS Department is now replete, with every requisite for Gentlemen. The services of an EXPERIENCED EUROPEAN CUTTER having been engaged, we are in a position to execute all Orders for Clothing for all purposes, in the newest, most fashionable and best materials, ensuring a perfect, stylish and comfortable fit, at a cost far below the usual Rates charged in India.

We receive regular Shipments of Goods for this Department of our Business, and Gentlemen may therefore do well to write for anything they may happen to require.

We shall be glad to send POST FREE to any part of India PATTERNS of MATERIALS with INSTRUCTIONS for SELF-MEASUREMENT.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—Dress Shoes, Oxford Shoes, Lawn-Tennis Shoes, Elastic Boots, Walking Boots, &c., &c.

HOSIERY.—India Gauze and Merino Pants and Vests, Cotton Merino and Silk Socks.

SCARVES AND TIES.—Dress Ties, Ring Scarf, Sailor Knot Scarf, Choice Silk and Satin Scarves in a variety of shapes and materials, Made and Unmade.

LINEN COLLARS.—In the most fashionable styles and sizes.

GLOVES.—White Kid, Dogskin, Doeskin, Buckskin, Driving, &c., &c.

HANDKERCHIEFS.—Fine Cambric and Irish Linen, Plain and Fancy Silk.

SHIRTS.—The Shirts we import will stand any amount of Washing and are of a very, superior quality, Jute-Long-cloth with Linen Fronts and Cuffs. Regatta Oxford Silk and Wool Flannel.

HATS AND HELMETS.—Of the most stylish and recent shapes : a very large collection to choose from.

BRACES AND BELTS, Toilet Requisites, Meerschaum and Briar Wood Pipes, Cigar Cases Cigarette Cases, &c., &c.

WM. SILLITOE,
Secretary and Manager.

THE CASH BAZAAR, LIMITED.

PIANOFORTES

FOR

SALE, HIRE, OR ON THE EASY PURCHASE SYSTEM.

PIANOFORTES

THE SYMPATHETIC GRAND SQUARE PIANOFORTE,
Solid Mahogany. Rs. 850.
(This Instrument was awarded a MEDAL and FIRST-CLASS CERTIFICATE at the Calcutta Exhibition.)

THE SYMPATHETIC GRAND SQUARE PIANOFORTE,
Ebonized. Rs. 900.

THE SYMPATHETIC CONCERT GRAND PIANOFORTE,
Solid Mahogany. Rs. 1,750.

EBONIZED GRAND SQUARE PIANOFORTE WITH ALL METAL WORK ELECTRO-PLATED,
Rs. 750.

R. LIPP & SONS' GRAND SQUARE PIANOFORTE,
Rs. 650 and Rs. 750.

THE CANTANTE RESONANTE SQUARE PIANOFORTE
Solid American Walnut. Rs. 550 and 650.

THE "BUNGALOW" SQUARE PIANOFORTE.
Solid Wood. Rs. 450.
(Compass six octaves.)

THE SYMPATHETIC COTTAGE PIANOFORTE,
Black and Gold, Rs. 650 and 750.

THE CANTANTE RESONANTE COTTAGE PIANOFORTE,
Cash Rs. 500 and 650.

THE BIJOU COTTAGE PIANO,
Compass 5 Octaves. Solid Walnut. Rs. 300.

N. B.—All the above have Iron Frames, and are WARRANTED to stand the Indian Climate.

FULL PARTICULARS ON APPLICATION.
Pianos for HIRE in POONA and the districts at Reduced Rates.
CATALOGUES OF MUSIC POST FREE.

FORTES

S. ROSE & CO., BOMBAY,

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

THORPE AND CO.,

HOSIERS, GLOVERS, SHIRTMAKERS

MILITARY TAILORS AND GENERAL OUTFITTERS,

BEG to notify that they have REMOVED to their NEW AND SPACIOUS PREMISES IN

RAMPART ROW,

OPPOSITE

THE

PRINCE OF WALES STATUE

AND

SASSOON INSTITUTE.

M. M. MODY & CO.,

SHIP-CHANDLERS,
GENERAL MERCHANTS, AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

Cotton Mill, Gin, and Press Stores.
Engineers' Contractors', Municipality and Railway Requisites.
Iron, Corrugated Iron Roofing, Steel, Lead, Zinc and Metal Merchants.
Weighing Machines, Scales, Spring Balances, and Weights.
Pumps, Centrifugal, Fire, Lift and Force and Well Pumps.
Paints, Hubbucks Varnish, and Boiled and Raw Linseed Oil.
Pump Hydraulic and Sole Leather English.
Calf, Buck and Kid Skins.
Cooking and Warming Stoves.
Machinery Importers from England,
Wholesale and Retail.
Kep always large stocks in hands.
Prices Moderate.

We have for sale best Sail Canvas, Tarpaulins ; Disinfecting Powder, MacDogal's and Calvert's Leather Hose, India-rubber, and India-rubber Suction Hose and also Delivery Hose.
Iron Blocks, Manilla Rope, Crab Winch, etc., etc.
Up-country orders promptly attended.
Prices furnished on application.
Apollo-street, Fort, Bombay.

CALCUTTA INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION

THREE PRIZE MEDALS AND THREE DIPLOMAS

were awarded to

C. MARCKS AND COMPANY,

WATCH-MANUFACTURERS, GOLDSMITHS, OPTICIANS, &c.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

FOR Rs. 200 NET CASH

they will send

Free by post, to any part of India, carefully packed,

A FIRST-RATE KEYLESS LEVER HUNTING WATCH in HEAVY 18-CARAT GOLD engine turned or plain case, with full jewelled movement, finest lever escapement, breguet hair spring and chronometer balance wheel, in polished walnut case, with spare glass and mainspring and a three years' stamped guarantee.

Or in stout crystal fronted 18-CARAT GOLD Hunter at Rs. 170, net cash.

C. MARCKS & CO.,

OPPOSITE UNIVERSITY CLOCK TOWER, BOMBAY.

SOUNDY & CO., LIMITED, BOMBAY.

PRICE LIST OF AMERICAN ORGANS.

	Rs.
THE "COMPANION" ORGAN, 32 inches high, 27½ inches long, one row of reeds, 3¼ octaves.	100
THE "ECONOMY" ORGAN, Mason and Hamlin's, 4 octaves, C to C. 4 stops. Diapason, Viola, Flute, Melodia, and 2 knee swells	225
THE STERLING ORGAN "LA PETITE," the workmanship is first class and the reeds are carefully voiced :—	
STYLE A. Five Octaves, Five Stops—Diapason, Dulciana, Echo, Vox Humana, Dulcet and Knee Swell.	300
STYLE B. Five Octaves, Seven Stops—Diapason, Dulciana, Echo, Dulcet, Vox Humana, Bass Coupler, Treble Coupler and Knee Swell.	350
STYLE C. Five Octaves, Nine Stops—Principal, Hautboy, Flute, Violina, Diapason, Dulciana, Vox Humana, Echo, Dulcet and Knee Swell...	400
THE "ALBION," Elegant design in Solid Black Walnut, Five Octaves, Nine Stops—Principal, Hautboy, Flute, Violina, Diapason, Dulciana, Echo, Dulcet, Vox Humana, and Patent Grand Organ and Knee Swells.	450
The "IMPERIAL."—The case is constructed with brilliantly-figured walnut, with serrate fascias, or chevrons, and is crowned by a top of imposing height, combining architectural beauty with practical utility, in perfect accord. Five Octaves ; Sub-Bass and Octave Coupler. Thirteen Stops—Flute, Dulciana, Echo, Celeste, Clarionet, La Brilliante, Principal, Diapason, Dulcet, Hautboy, Vox Humana, Sub-Bass, Coupler, and Patent Grand Organ and Knee Swells	650
The "STUDENT ORGAN," Mason and Hamlin's, Panelled front and ends, with ENGRAVED GOLD BRONZE ornamentation. Four-and-a-half Octaves, six Stops.	400

SMITH COMPANY'S CEDAR AND WALNUT-WOOD ORGANS
FOR TROPICAL CLIMATES.

The cases are made from the finest selected woods and are put together without depending upon glue. The ivory of the keys are fastened by metal pins.

Organs with 5 octaves, without stops	325
Organs with 5 octaves and 4 stops	360
Organs with 5 octaves and 7 stops	400

THE STERLING ORGAN COMPANY'S CHAPEL ORGAN.

Five Octaves ; Sub-Bass and Octave Coupler. Thirteen Stops—Flute, Dulciana, Echo, Celeste, Clarionet, La Brilliante, Principal, Diapason, Dulcet, Hautboy, Vox Humana, Sub-Bass, Coupler and Patent Grand Organ and Knee Swells. 650

ILLUSTRATED PRICE LISTS FREE BY POST.

SOUNDY & CO., LIMITED, BOMBAY.

NOTICES.

BEST INVALID PORT.—This wine is carefully selected and guaranteed as of excellent quality and very highly recommended by medical practitioners for invalids and convalescents. Price Rs. 27 per case of one dozen quarts.

FERNANDES & Co., Chemists, &c., Bombay.

MOFUSSIL COMPANY, Limited.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of GUNNIES and LABOUR for the following Factories of the Company during the coming Cotton Season. These requirements may be tendered for separately or together :—Broach, Pallej, Randere, Samnee, Khamgaum, Shegaum, Oomrawutee, Agra, Etawah.

Tenders will be received up to 10th day of October, 1884. The Company does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order of the Directors,
ARTHUR HUSON
Chief Agent.

Bombay, 25th Sept., 1884.

THE undersigned begs to announce to the public of Bombay and the Mofussil that he has REMOVED one of the OLDEST WATCH-REPAIRING ESTABLISHMENTS, that of the late Mr. JAMSETJEE MUNCHERJEE, watch, clock, and chronometer maker, from 17, Me